Academic Regulations Programme Structure & Detailed Syllabus

Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech) (Four Year Regular Programme) (Applicable for Batches admitted from 2020)



Electronics and Communication Engineering

Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY Bachupally, Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana, India 500 090

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, HYDERABAD

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING PROGRAMME BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING GR20 REGULATIONS

Gokaraju Rangaraju Institute of Engineering and Technology 2020 Regulations (GR20 Regulations) are given here under. These regulations govern the programmes offered by the Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering with effect from the students admitted to the programmes in 2020- 21 academic year.

- **1. Programme Offered:** The programme offered by the Department is B. Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering, a four-year regular programme.
- **2. Medium of Instruction:** The medium of instruction (including examinations and reports) is English.
- **3.** Admissions: Admission to the B. Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering Programme shall be made subject to the eligibility, qualifications and specialization prescribed by the State Government/University from time to time. Admissions shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the student in the common entrance examination conducted by the Government/University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the Government/University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the Government/University from time to time.

4. Programme Pattern:

- a) Each Academic year of study is divided in to two semesters.
- **b**) Minimum number of instruction days in each semester is 90.
- c) Grade points, based on percentage of marks awarded for each course will form the basis for calculation of SGPA (Semester Grade Point Average) and CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average).
- d) The total credits for the Programme is160.
- e) Student is introduced to "Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)".
- f) A student has a choice to register for all courses in a semester / one less or one additional course from other semesters provided the student satisfies prerequisites.
- g) All the registered credits will be considered for the calculation of final CGPA.
- h) Each semester has 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as indicated by UGC and course structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.
- i) Subject / Course Classification: All subjects/ courses offered for the under graduate programme in E & T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows.

| S. No. | Broad Course Classification | Course Group/ Category | CourseDescription |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | BS | Basic Science Courses | Basic Science Courses |
| 2 | ES | Engineering Science Courses | Includes Engineering subjects |
| 3 | HS | Humanities and Social sciences | Includes Management courses |
| 4 | PC Professional C Courses | | Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/department/ branch of Engineering |
| 5 | PE | Professional Elective Courses | Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering |
| 6 | OE | Open Elective Courses | Electives from other technical and/or emerging subjects |
| 7 | LC | Laboratory Courses | Laboratory Courses |
| 8 | МС | Mandatory Courses | Environmental Sciences, Induction training, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge |
| 9 | PW | Project Work | Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere |

- **5. Award of B. Tech Degree:** A student will be declared eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree if he/she fulfills the following academic requirements:
 - a) He/She pursues the course of study and completes it successfully in not less than four academic years and not more than eight academic years.
 - **b**) A student has to register for all the 160 credits and secure all credits.
 - c) A student, who fails to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within eight academic years from the date of admission, shall forfeit his/her seat in B. Tech course.
 - **d**) The Degree of B. Tech in Computer Science and Engineering shall be conferred by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad (JNTUH), Hyderabad, on the students who are admitted to the programme and fulfill all the requirements for the award of the degree.

6. Attendance Requirements:

- a) A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester-end examinations if he/she puts in a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate in all the courses concerned in the semester.
- **b)** Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in a semester may be granted. A committee headed by Dean (Academic Affairs) shall be the deciding authority for granting the condonation.
- c) Students who have been granted condonation shall pay a fee as decided by the Academic Council.
- **d**) Shortage of Attendance more than 10% (attendance less than 65% in aggregate) shall in no case becondoned.
- e) Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are detained and are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They may seek reregistration for that semester when offered next with the academic regulations of the batch into which he/she getsre-registered.

7. Paper Setting, Evaluation of Answer Scripts, Marks and Assessment:

a) Paper setting and evaluation of the answer scripts shall be done as per the procedures laid down by the Academic Council from time to time.

| S. No | Components | Internal | External | Total |
|-------|----------------------|----------|----------|-------|
| 1 | Theory | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | Practical | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | Engineering Graphics | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | Mini Project | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | Project Work | 30 | 70 | 100 |

b) Distribution and Weightage of marks

c) Continuous Internal Evaluation and Semester End Examinations: The assessment of the student's performance in each course will be based on Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester-End Examination (SEE). The marks for each of the component of assessment are fixed as shown in the following Table.

Assessment Procedure:

| S. No | Component of | Marks Allotted | Type of Assessment | Scheme of Examinations |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Assessment | | | |
| 1 | Theory | 30 | Internal Examination & Continuous Evaluation | 1) Two mid semester examination shall be conducted for 20 markseach for a duration 2 hours. Average of the two mid exams shall be considered i) Subjective - 15marks ii) Objective - 5marks 2) Tutorials - 5marks 3) Continuous Assessment- |
| | | 70 | Semester end examination | The semester-end examination is for a duration of 3 hours |
| 2 | Practical | 30 | Internal Examination & Continuous Evaluation | i) Internal Exam-10marks ii) Record - 5marks iii) ContinuousAssessment - 15 marks |
| | | 70 | Semester end examination | The semester-end examination is for a duration of 3 hours |

- d) Mini Project with Seminar: The Mini Project is to be taken up with relevance to Industry and is evaluated for 100 marks. Out of 100 marks, 30 marks are for internal evaluation and 70 marks are for external evaluation. The supervisor continuously assesses the students for 20 marks (Continuous Assessment 15 marks, Report 5 marks). At the end of the semester, Mini Project shall be displayed in the road show at the department level for the benefit of all students and staff and the same is to be evaluated by Mini Project Review Committee for 10 marks. The mini project report shall be presented before Project Review Committee in the presence of External Examiner and the same is evaluated for 70 marks. Mini Project Review Committee consists of HOD, Mini Project Coordinator and Supervisor. Plagiarism check is compulsory for mini project report as per the plagiarism policy of GRIET.
- e) **Summer Internship:** Summer Internship shall be done by the student in the summer break after III B. Tech II Semester and shall be evaluated in IV B. Tech I Semester along with the Project Work (Phase I).
- f) Project Work (Phase–I and Phase-II): The project work is evaluated for 100 marks. Out of 100, 30 marks shall be for internal evaluation and 70 marks for the external evaluation. The supervisor assesses the student for 20 marks (Continuous Assessment 15 marks, Report –5 marks). At the end of the semester, projects shall be displayed in the

road show at the department level for the benefit of all students and staff and the same is to be evaluated by the Project Review Committee for 10 marks. The external evaluation for Project Work is a Viva-Voce Examination which is conducted by the Project Review Committee in the presence of external examiner and is evaluated for 70 marks, Project Review Committee consists of HOD, Project Coordinator and Supervisor. These rules are applicable for both Phase I and PhaseII.

Plagiarism check is compulsory for project work report (Phase I and PhaseII) as per the plagiarism policy of GRIET.

g) EngineeringGraphics:

- Two internal examinations, each is of 10 marks. The average of the two internal tests shall be considered for the award of marks.
- Submission of day to day work 15marks.
- Continuous Assessment 5marks.
- 8. Recounting of Marks in the End Examination Answer Books: A student can request for recounting of his/her answer book on payment of a prescribed fee.
- **9. Re-evaluation of the End Examination Answer Books:** A student can request for re- evaluation of his/her answer book on payment of a prescribed fee.
- **10. Supplementary Examinations:** A student who has failed to secure the required creditscan appear for a supplementary examination, as per the schedule announced by the College.
- **11. Malpractices in Examinations:** Disciplinary action shall be taken in case ofmalpractices during Mid / End-examinations as per the rules framed by the Academic Council.

12. Academic Requirements and PromotionRules:

- a) A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory or laboratories if he/she secures not less than 35% of marks in the Semester-end Examination and a minimum of 40% of the sum total of the Internal Evaluation and Semester-end Examination taken together.
- **b**) A student shall be promoted to the next year only when he/she satisfies the requirements of all the previous semesters.

| | Promotion | Conditions to be fulfilled |
|---|--|--|
| 1 | First year first semester to first year second semester | Regular course of study of first year first semester. |
| 2 | First year second semester to second year first semester | (i) Regular course of study of first year secondsemester. (ii) Must have secured at least 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether thestudent takes those examinations or not. |
| 3 | Second year first semester to second year second semester | Regular course of study of second year first semester. |
| 4 | Second year second semester to third year first semester | (i) Regular course of study of second year secondsemester (ii) Must have secured at least 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether thestudent takes those examinations or not. |
| 5 | Third year first semester to third year second semester | Regular course of study of third year first semester. |
| 6 | Third year second semester to fourth year first semester | (i) Regular course of study of third yearsecond semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 60% credits up to third year second semester fromall the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations ornot. |
| 7 | Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester | Regular course of study of fourth year first semester. |

| Letter Grade | Grade Point | Percentage of marks |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| O (Outstanding) | 10 | Marks >= 90 |
| A+ (Excellent) | 9 | Marks >= 80 and Marks < 9 |
| A (Very Good) | 8 | Marks >= 70 and Marks < 8 |
| B+ (Good) | 7 | Marks >= 60 and Marks < 7 |
| B (Average) | 6 | Marks >= 50 and Marks < 6 |
| C (Pass) | 5 | Marks >= 40 and Marks < 5 |
| F (Fail) | 0 | Marks < 40 |
| Ab (Absent) | 0 | |

13. Grade Points: A 10 - point grading system with corresponding letter gradesand percentage of marks, as given below, is followed

Earning of Credit:

A student shall be considered to have completed a course successfully and earned the credits if he/she secures an acceptable letter grade in the range O-P. Letter grade 'F' in any Course implies failure of the student in that course and no credits earned. Computation of SGPA and CGPA:

The UGC recommends the following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

i) S_k the SGPA of k^{th} semester(1 to 8) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits and grade points to the total credits of all courses registered by a student, i.e.,

SGPA (S_k) =
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (\text{Ci} * \text{Gi}) / \sum_{i=1}^{n} \text{Ci}$$

Where C_i is the number of credits of the ith course and G_i is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course and n is the number of courses registered in that semester. ii) The CGPA is calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses m, registered by student over all the semesters of a programme, i.e., upto and inclusive of S_k , where $k \ge 2$.

CGPA= $\sum_{i=1}^{m} (Ci * Gi) / \sum_{i=1}^{m} Ci$

iii) The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points.

14. Award of Class: After a student satisfies all the requirements prescribed for the completion of the Degree and becomes eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree by JNTUH, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes based on CGPA secured from the160 credits.

| | Class Awarded | CGPA Secured |
|------|------------------------------|--|
| 14.1 | First Class With Distinction | CGPA >= 8.00 with no F or below grade/ detention anytime during the programme |
| 14.2 | First Class | CGPA >= 8.00 with rest of the clauses of 14.1 not satisfied |
| 14.3 | First Class | CGPA ≥ 6.50 and CGPA < 8.00 |
| 14.4 | Second Class | CGPA ≥ 5.50 and CGPA < 6.50 |
| 14.5 | Pass Class | CGPA ≥ 5.00 and CGPA < 5.50 |

15. Withholding of Results: If the student has not paid dues to the Institute/ University, or if any case of indiscipline is pending against the student, the result of the student (for that Semester) may be with held and the student will not be allowed to go into the next semester. The award or issue of the Degree may also be withheld in such cases.

- 16. Transfer of students from the Constituent Colleges of JNTUH or from other Colleges / Universities: Transfer of students from the Constituent Colleges of JNTUH or from other Colleges/ Universities shall be considered only on case-to-case basis by the Academic Council of the Institute.
- 17. **Transitory Regulations:** Students who have discontinued or have been detained for want of attendance, or who have failed after having undergone the Degree Programme, may be considered eligible for readmission/re-registration to the same or equivalent subjects as and when they are offered.

18. General Rules

- a) The academic regulations should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- **b**) In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Academic Council is final.
- c) In case of any error in the above rules and regulations, the decision of the Academic Council is final.
- **d**) The college may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the college.

Academic Regulations for B.Tech (Lateral Entry) under GR20 (Applicable for Batches Admitted from 2021-2022)

1. All regulations as applicable for B.Tech Four year degree programme (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech (Lateral Entry Scheme) except for the following rules

- a) Pursued programme of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.
- **b)** A student should register for all 123 credits and secure all credits. The marks obtained in all 123 credits shall be considered for the calculation of the final CGPA.
- c) Students who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within six academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech programme.

2. Academic Requirements and Promotion Rules:

- a) A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each theory or laboratories if he/she secures not less than 35% of marks in the Semester-end Examination and a minimum of 40% of the sum total of the Internal Evaluation and Semester-end Examination taken together.
- **b)** A student shall be promoted to the next year only when he/she satisfies the requirements of all the previous semesters.

| S. No. | Promotion | Conditions to be fulfilled |
|--------|--|--|
| 1 | Second year first semester to second year second semester. | Regular course of study of second year first semester. |
| 2 | Second year second semester to third year first semester. | (i) Regular course of study of second year second semester. |
| | | (ii) Must have secured at least 50% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations ornot. |
| 3 | Third year first semester to third year second semester. | Regular course of study of third year first semester. |
| 4 | Third year second semester to fourth year first semester. | (i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. |
| | | (ii) Must have secured at least 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not. |

| 5 | Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester | Regular course of study of fourth year |
|---|---|--|
| | fourth year second semester. | first semester. |

3. Award of Class: After a student satisfies all the requirements prescribed for the completion of the Degree and becomes eligible for the award of B. Tech Degree by JNTUH, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes based on CGPA secured from the 123 credits.

| | Class Awarded | CGPA Secured |
|-----|------------------------------|---|
| 3.1 | First Class With Distinction | CGPA >= 8.00 with no F or below grade/ detention anytime during the Programme |
| 3.2 | First Class | CGPA >= 8.00 with rest of the clauses of 3.1 not satisfied |
| 3.3 | First Class | CGPA ≥ 6.50 and CGPA < 8.00 |
| 3.4 | Second Class | CGPA ≥ 5.50 and CGPA < 6.50 |
| 3.5 | Pass Class | CGPA ≥ 5.00 and CGPA < 5.50 |



GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) Bachupally, Kukatpally, Hyderabad–500090, India. (040)65864440 ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING GR20 Course Structure

I B. Tech (ECE) - I Semester

| S.N | | Gr | Course | Course Name | (| Credi | its | | | Ho | urs | | | | Total |
|--------|-----------|-------|-----------|---|---|-------|----------|-----------|---|----|-----|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| 0 0 | BOS | oup | Code | | L | Т | Р | To Tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | Maths | BS | GR20A1001 | Linear Algebra and Differential Calculus | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | Chemistry | BS | GR20A1005 | Engineering Chemistry | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | EEE | ES | GR20A1008 | Basic Electrical Engineering | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | CSE | ES | GR20A1007 | Programming for Problem Solving | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | EEE | ES | GR20A1017 | Basic Electrical Engineering Lab | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | Chemistry | BS | GR20A1014 | Engineering Chemistry Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | CSE | ES | GR20A1016 | Programming for Problem Solving Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ME | ES | GR20A1019 | Engineering Workshop | 1 | 0 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | TOTAL | | 11 | 4 | 5.5 | 20. 5 | 11 | 4 | 12 | 26 | 240 | 560 | 800 | |
| 9 | Mgmt | MC | GR20A1021 | Life skills and Personality development | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

I B.Tech(ECE) - II Semester

| | | Gr | Course Code | Course Name | (| Credit | ts | | | Ho | ours | | | | Total Marks |
|------|---------|-------|-------------|--|---|--------|------|-----------|---|----|------|-----------|------|-----|----------------|
| S.No | BOS | oup | | | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | Tot al | Int. | Ext | |
| 1 | Maths | BS | GR20A1002 | Differential equations and Vector Calculus | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | Physics | BS | GR20A1003 | Applied Physics | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | English | HS | GR20A1006 | English | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | CSE | ES | GR20A1011 | Data structures | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | Physics | BS | GR20A1012 | Applied Physics Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | ME | ES | GR20A1010 | Engineering Graphics | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | CSE | ES | GR20A1018 | Data Structures Lab | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | English | HS | GR20A1015 | English Language and Communication Skills Lab | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | TOTAL | | 11 | 3 | 5.5 | 19.5 | 11 | 3 | 11 | 25 | 240 | 560 | 800 | |
| 9 | Mgmt | MC | GR20A1020 | Design Thinking | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

II B. Tech (ECE) - I Semester

| S. | | Gro | Course | | | Cr | edits | | | Ho | urs | | | | Total |
|----------|-----------|-----|-----------|--|-------------|----|-------|-----------|---|----|-----|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| S. No | BOS | up | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | ECE | PC | GR20A2052 | Electronic Devices and Circuits | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PC | GR20A2053 | Digital Electronics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PC | GR20A2054 | Signals and Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | BS | GR20A2055 | Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | Mgmt | HS | GR20A2004 | Economics and Accounting for Engineers | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | ECE | PC | GR20A2056 | Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | ECE | PC | GR20A2057 | Digital Electronics Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ECE | PC | GR20A2058 | Signals and Systems Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | | TOTA | | 15 0 5.5 20 | | 20 | 18 | 0 | 6 | 27 | 270 | 630 | 900 | |
| 9 | Chemistry | МС | GR20A2001 | Environmental Science | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 10 | CSE | MC | GR20A2006 | Data Base for Engineers | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

| | | Gro | Course | | (| Credi | its | | | Ho | urs | | | | Total |
|------|-----|-----|-----------|--|---|-------|-----|-----------|----|----|-----|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| S.No | BOS | up | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | ECE | PC | GR20A2059 | Network Analysis | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PC | GR20A2060 | Electromagnetic Fields and Transmission Lines | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PC | GR20A2061 | Analog and Pulse Circuits | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | PC | GR20A2062 | Analog and Digital Communications | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | CSE | ES | GR20A2063 | OOPS through Java | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | CSE | ES | GR20A2064 | OOPS through Java Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | ECE | PC | GR20A2065 | Analog and Pulse circuits Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ECE | PC | GR20A2066 | Analog and Digital Communications Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | | TOTAL | | | 1 | 4.5 | 20 | 14 | 1 | 9 | 24 | 240 | 560 | 800 |

II B. Tech (ECE) - II Semester

| | | Grou | Course | | | Credi | its | | | Ho | ours | | | | Total |
|------|------|------|--------|---|----|-------|-----|-----------|----|----|------|-----------|------|---------|-------|
| S.No | BOS | p | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | it. Ext | Marks |
| 1 | ECE | PC | | Microprocessors and Microcontrollers | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PC | | VLSI Design | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PC | | Linear Control Systems | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | ECE | OE | | Open Elective-I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | ECE | PC | | Internet of Things Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | ECE | РС | | Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ECE | PC | | VLSI Design Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | | TC | DTAL | 14 | 1 | 5 | 20 | 14 | 1 | 9 | 24 | 240 | 560 | 800 |
| 9 | Mgmt | MC | | Constitution of India | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

III B. Tech (ECE) - I Semester

| | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – I | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Code | COURSE | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | Advanced Data Structures through Python | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Software Defined Radio and Cognitive Radio | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | Artificial Neural Networks | | | | | | | | |

Open Elective 1: Communication Technologies

| | | Grou | Course | | (| Credi | its | | | Но | urs | | | | Total |
|------|------|-------|--------|---|---|-------|-----|-----------|---|----|-----|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| S.No | BOS | p | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | ECE | PC | | Digital Signal Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PC | | Integrated Circuits and Applications | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PC | | Antennas and Wave Propagation | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | ECE | OE | | Open Elective-II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | ECE | PC | | Digital Signal Processing Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | ECE | PC | | Integrated Circuits Lab | 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ECE | PW | | Mini Project with Seminar | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | TOTAL | | 14 | 1 | 5 | 20 | 14 | 1 | 9 | 24 | 240 | 560 | 800 | |
| 9 | Mgmt | MC | | Value Ethics and Gender Culture | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 70 | 100 |

III B. Tech (ECE) - II Semester

| | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – II | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Code | COURSE | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | Information Theory and Coding Techniques | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Computer Networks | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | Field Programmable Gate Array Architectures (FPGA) | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | Introduction to Machine Learning | | | | | | | | |

Open Elective 2: Embedded System Design

| | | Grou | Course | | (| Credi | ts | | | Ho | urs | | | | Total |
|------|------|------|--------|---|----|-------|----|-----------|----|----|-----|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| S.No | BOS | p | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | Mgmt | HS | | Fundamentals of Management and Entrepreneurship | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-III | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-IV | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | OE | | Open Elective-III | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 5 | ECE | PC | | Microwave Engineering | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 6 | ECE | PC | | Advanced Communications Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 7 | ECE | PC | | Microwave Engineering Lab | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 8 | ECE | PW | | Project Work- Phase I | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | | тс | DTAL | 15 | 0 | 10 | 25 | 15 | 0 | 18 | 33 | 240 | 560 | 800 |

IV B. Tech (ECE) - I Semester

| | PROFESS | IONAL ELECTIVE – III | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Code | COURSE | | | |
| 1 Radar Systems | | | | | |
| 2 Fiber Optic Communications | | | | | |
| 3 | | Cellular and Mobile Communications | | | |
| 4 Digital System Design | | | | | |

| | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – IV | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | S. No. Course Code COURSE | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | Digital Signal Processors and Architectures | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Speech and Audio Signal Processing | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | Network Security and Cryptography | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | Satellite Communications | | | | | | | | |

Open Elective 3: Fundamentals of MIMO Wireless Communications

| | | Grou | Course | | | Credi | its | | | Ho | ours | | | | Total |
|------|-----|-------|--------|-----------------------------|---|-------|-----|-----------|---|----|------|-----------|------|-----|-------|
| S.No | BOS | p | Code | Course Name | L | Т | Р | To tal | L | Т | Р | To tal | Int. | Ext | Marks |
| 1 | ECE | PC | | Digital Image Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 2 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-V | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 3 | ECE | PE | | Professional Elective-VI | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| 4 | ECE | PW | | Project Work- Phase II | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 30 | 70 | 100 |
| | | TOTAL | | | 9 | 0 | 6 | 15 | 9 | 0 | 12 | 21 | 120 | 280 | 400 |

IV B. Tech (ECE) - II Semester

| | PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – V | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Code | COURSE | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | Global Positioning Systems | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | 4G- Long Term Evolution Networks | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | Signal Processing for Communication and Biomedical Applications | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Evolutionary Optimization Techniques | | | | | | | | | |

| | PROFESS | IONAL ELECTIVE – VI | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| S. No. | Course Code | COURSE | | | | |
| 1 | 1 Digital Television Engineering | | | | | |
| 2 | | Embedded Real time Operating Systems | | | | |
| 3 | | Wireless Sensor Networks | | | | |
| 4 | | Actuators and Robotics | | | | |

| Elective | Thread I | Thread II | Thread III | Thread IV |
|----------|---|---|--|--|
| 1. | Advanced Data Structures through Python | Software Defined Radio and Cognitive Radio | Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation | Artificial Neural Networks |
| 2. | Information Theory and Coding Techniques | Computer Networks | Field Programmable Gate Array Architectures (FPGA) | Introduction to Machine Learning |
| 3. | Radar Systems | Fiber Optic Communications | Cellular and Mobile Communications | Digital System Design |
| 4. | Digital Signal Processors and Architectures | Speech and Audio Signal Processing | Network Security and Cryptography | Satellite Communications |
| 5. | Global Positioning Systems | 4G- Long Term Evolution Networks | Signal Processing for Communication and Biomedical Applications | Evolutionary Optimization Techniques |
| 6. | Digital Television Engineering | Embedded Real time Operating Systems | Wireless Sensor Networks | Actuators and Robotics |

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES – 4 THREADS

OPEN ELECTIVES FOR GR20 REGULATIONS:

| THREAD 1 | THREAD 2 | OFFERED BY |
|--|---|------------|
| Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication. Human Resource | Principles of E-Commerce Business Analytics Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality | CSE |
| Development and Organizational Behaviour. | 1.Internet of Things2.Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality3 Human Computer Interaction | CSE (AIML) |
| 3. Cyber Law and Ethics4. Economic Policies in India | 3.Human Computer Interaction 1. Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality 2.Internet of Things 3.Human Computer Interaction | CSE (DS) |
| | Artificial Intelligence Human Computer Interaction Data Science | IT |
| | Non-Conventional Energy Sources Machine Learning Artificial Intelligence Techniques | EEE |
| | Artificial Neural Networks Software Defined Radio and Cognitive Radio Fundamentals of Mimo Wireless Communications | ECE |
| | Operations Research Robotics Mechatronic Systems | ME |
| | Engineering Materials for Sustainability Geographic Information Systems and Science Environmental Impact Assessment and Life Cycle Analyses | СЕ |

I YEAR I SEMESTER

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY LINEAR ALGEBRA AND DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS Course Code: GR20A1001 L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4 I Year I Semester

Course Objectives

- 1. Apply ideas to solve linear systems, at the core of many engineering concepts.
- 2. Apply concept of latent values of a matrix which is critical in many engineering applications.
- 3. Take part in, function approximation using the tools of mean value theorems.
- 4. Compose optimal values of multi-variable functions.
- 5. Utilize definite integral concept for various geometrical applications.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Compile the rank of a matrix to determine the existence of solutions of a linear algebraic system
- 2. Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a square matrix which arise in several engineering applications
- 3. Determine approximate solution of over determined systems using the pseudo inverse.
- 4. Develop the skill of determining optimal values of multivariable functions using classical methods.
- 5. Apply the definite integral concept for various computational problems in geometry.

UNIT I

VECTOR AND MATRIX ALGEBRA

Vector space (definition and examples), linear independence of vectors, orthogonality of vectors, projection of vectors

Symmetric, Hermitian, skew-symmetric, skew-Hermitian, orthogonal and unitary matrices; Rank of a matrix by echelon reduction, Solution of a linear algebraic system of equations (homogeneous and non-homogeneous)

UNIT II

MATRIX EIGENVALUE PROBLEM AND QUADRATIC FORMS

Determination of eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix, properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors (without proof), diagonalization of a matrix, orthogonal diagonalization of symmetric matrices, Similarity of matrices

Quadratic Forms: Definiteness and nature of a quadratic form, reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation

UNIT III

MATRIX DECOMPOSITION AND PSEUDO INVERSE OF A MATRIX

Spectral decomposition of a symmetric matrix, L-U decomposition,Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization of vectors, Q-R factorization, Singular value decomposition

Moore-Penrose pseudo inverse of a matrix, least squares solution of an over determined system of equations using pseudo inverse

UNIT IV

MULTIVARIABLE DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND FUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

Partial Differentiation: Total derivative. Jacobian; Functional dependence

Unconstrained optimization of functions using the Hessian matrix, constrained optimization using Lagrange multiplier method

UNIT V

SINGLE VARIABLE CALCULUS

Mean value theorems: Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem and Taylor's theorem (without proof), their geometrical interpretation, approximation of a function by Taylor's series

Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (for Cartesian coordinates)

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R.K.Jain and S.R.K.Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa publishing house, Fourth edition 2014
- 2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 3. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thedition, Pearson, Reprint.

REFERENCES:

- 1. GRIET reference manual
- 2. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes
- 3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Course Code: GR20A1005 I Year I Semesters

L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To relate how the basic concepts and principles of chemistry can be applied to practical utility in a broader perspective of the society.
- 2. To distinguish the ranges of electromagnetic spectrum and its interaction with matter and to develop knowledge of various spectroscopic techniques at atomic and molecular levels.
- **3**. To identify and apply various principles of electrochemistry, corrosion and water treatment which are essential for an engineer in industry
- 4. To acquire knowledge of existence of different organic molecules in different stereo chemical orientations useful for understanding reaction pathways.
- 5. To bring adaptability to the concepts of chemistry and to acquire the required skills to become a perfect engineer.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Analyze microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- 2. Relate electromagnetic spectra used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques and their application in medicine and otherfields.
- 3. Recognize various problems related to electrochemistry and corrosion in industry and is able to explain different prevention techniques and apply concepts of chemistry in engineering.
- 4. Know the origin of different types of engineering materials used in modern technology and Interpret different problems involved in industrial utilization of water.
- 5. Understand the processing of fossil fuels for the effective utilization of chemical energy.

Unit I

Atomic and Molecular Structure: (8 Lectures)

Atomic and molecularorbitals, Linear Combination of AtomicOrbitals (LCAO), Molecularorbitals of homo-nuclear diatomic molecules, MO energy diagrams of N2, and O2.

Metallic bonding, Valence Bond Theory, Crystal Field Theory, Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion d-orbitals in tetrahedral, octahedral, and square planar geometries.

Unit II

Spectroscopic Techniques and Applications: (10 Lectures)

Regions of electromagnetic spectrum, Molecular spectroscopy Rotational Spectroscopy: Rotation of molecules, rotational spectra of rigid diatomic molecules, selection rules.

Vibrational Spectroscopy: The vibrating diatomic molecule, simple and an harmonic oscillators of a diatomic molecule, selection rules, applications of IR spectroscopy.

NMR Spectroscopy: criteria for NMR activity (Magnetic and nonmagnetic nuclei), basic concepts and principle of 1H NMR spectroscopy, Chemical shift, Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

Unit III

Electrochemistry and Corrosion: (12 Lectures)

Electrochemistry: Electrode potential, types of electrodes: calomel and glass electrodes- construction and working, electrochemical series and applications, electrochemical cells: Galvanic & electrolytic cells, Nernst equation- applications, numerical problems, Batteries: primary and secondary types, lithium metal, lithium ion and lead acid batteries. Types of Fuel cells: hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell - applications and advantages, microbial fuel cell.

Corrosion: Definition ,causes and effects of corrosion, The ories of chemical and electro chemical corrosion with mechanism, Types of corrosion - Galvanic, concentration cell and pitting corrosions, factors affecting corrosion (Nature of metal & Nature of Environment), corrosion control methods: Proper designing, cathodic protection (sacrificial anodic and impressed current cathodic protection), Metallic coatings: Hot dipping- Galvanization and tinning, electroplating, electroless plating of nickel.

Unit IV

Engineering Materials and Water Technology: (8 Lectures)

Semiconductors: Si and Ge, preparation, purification and crystal growth by zone refining and Czochralski pulling methods, doping.

Polymeric Materials: plastics-classification, types of polymerization, properties of polymerscrystallinity, Compounding and fabrication by compression moulding and injection moulding, conducting polymers – definition, classification, applications of conducting polymers in mobile phones and displays.

Water: impurities, hardness-causes of hardness, types, Units, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), Boiler troubles-scales and sludges, caustic embrittlement, water purification by reverse osmosis (RO)method.

Unit V

Stereochemistry and Energy Resources (8 Lectures)

Stereo chemistry: Representations of 3D structures for organic molecules, stereo isomers: Conformational and Configurational isomers. Conformational isomers: conformational analysis of nbutane. Configurational isomers: geometrical isomers (E, Z isomers) and optical isomers. Optical isomers: symmetry, chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity. Structure, synthesis and pharmaceutical applications of aspirin and ibuprofen.

Energy sources: Fossil Fuels: Coal –types, analysis of coal- proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance, Petroleum-its composition-synthetic petrol – Fischer Tropsch's process, cracking - Definition and its significance, knocking and its mechanism in Internal Combustion engine, Octane rating, Composition and Uses of Natural gas, LPG and CNG, biodiesel synthesis, biogas.

Text Books:

- 1. Engineering chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain; DhanpatRai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., NewDelhi.
- 2. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by A. Jayashree, Wiley Publications

References:

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison, Boyd &Bhattacharjee (Pearson Pubs)
- 2. Solomons' Organic Chemistry, Wiley pubs
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N. Banwell. McGraw HillPublication
- 4. ATextbookofEngineeringChemistrybyShashiChawla,DhanpatRaiPublishingCompany (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code: GR20A1008 I Year I semester

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Introduce the fundamentals of Electrical Engineering.
- 2. Understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phase circuits
- 3. Provide foundation in theory and applications of Transformers and DC machines
- 4. Understand the basic principles of AC Electrical machinery and their applications.
- 5. Impart the knowledge of Electrical Installations.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will able to

- 1. Understand and analyze basic electric circuits with suitable theorems.
- 2. Solve 1-phase and 3-phase balanced sinusoidal systems.
- 3. Interpret the working principle of Electrical machines.
- 4. Appraise the applications of Induction motors and synchronous generators used in Industries.
- 5. Identify the components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations.

Unit I:

D.C. CIRCUITS

DC Circuits: Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Thevenin's and Norton'stheorems, Superposition and Reciprocity theorems.Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

Unit II:

A.C. CIRCUITS

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, average and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase AC circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series RLC circuit. Locus Diagram. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

Unit III: DC MACHINES ANDTRANSFORMERS

DC Motor and Generator: Construction, Principle of operation and Applications.Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers and efficiency, regulation. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.

Unit IV: AC MACHINES

Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic, Loss components and efficiency. Single-phase induction motor, Construction, working, torque-speed characteristics. Construction and working of synchronous generators.

Unit V: ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS

Power system overview. Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

Text Books:

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 3rd edition 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. D.C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011
- 4. Electrical and Electronics Technology, E. Hughes, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 5. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, Second Edition, Prentice Hall India, 1989

Reference Books:

- 1. C. K. Alexander and M. N. O. Sadiku, "Electric Circuits", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
- 2. K. V. V. Murthy and M. S. Kamath, "Basic Circuit Analysis", Jaico Publishers, 1999.
- 3. Circuit Theory (Analysis and Synthesis) by A.Chakrabarti-Dhanpat Rai & amp; Co.
- 4. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

Course Code: GR20A1007 I Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To interpret the various steps in program development.
- 2. To recall and recite the fundamentals, syntax and semantics of C programming language.
- 3. To illustrate problem solving using arrays, strings, structures and pointers.
- 4. To demonstrate using of structured and modular programming approach in solving problems.
- 5. To code, Interpret and debug the given program using files.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts and remember and reuse the fundamentals of C language.
- 2. To apply decision making statements and arrays to solve problems.
- 3. To illustrate the need for strings and functions in problem solving.
- 4. To implement pointers and structures in writing programs.
- 5. To illustrate working with files and preprocessor directives in c.

UNIT I

Introduction to Programming: Introduction to Algorithms: Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart, Pseudo code with examples, Compiling & executing program, Syntax and logical errors.

Introduction to C Programming Language: Structure of c program, Variables, Data types, Constants, Operators, Expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Type conversion.

I/O: Simple input and output with formatted I/O and unformatted I/O.

UNIT II

Decision Making and Arrays: Conditional Branching and Loops: Conditional branching with if, ifelse, nestedifelse, else if ladder, switch-case, Loops: for, while, do-while, Jumping statements: goto, break,continue.

Arrays: One and Two dimensional arrays, creating, Accessing and manipulating elements of arrays **Searching:** Basic searching in an array of elements, Linear and Binary search.

UNIT III

Strings and Functions: Strings: Introduction to strings, Operations on characters, Basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strrev, strcmp), String operations without string handling functions, Arrays of strings.

Functions: Designing structured programs, declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function(categories of functions), call by value, call by reference, passing arrays to functions, recursion, merits and demerits of recursive functions, Storage classes.

UNIT IV

Pointers and Structures: Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointer to pointer, void pointer, Null pointer, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Function pointer.

Structures and unions: Defining structures, Initializing Structures, Array of structures, Arrays within structures, Nested structures, Passing structures to functions, Unions, typedef.

UNIT V

File handling and Preprocessor in C:

Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Random access to files, Error Handling in files, Command line arguments, Enumeration data type.

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef, elif.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PrenticeHall of India
 R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 3. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4th Edition

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

Course Code: GR20A1017 I Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1

Course Objectives:

- 1. Introduce the use of measuring instruments.
- 2. Analyze a given network by applying various electrical laws
- 3. Measure and know the relation between basic electrical parameters.
- 4. Understand the response of electrical circuits for different excitations
- 5. Summarize the performance characteristics of electrical machines.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will able to

- 1. Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.
- 2. Get an exposure to basic electrical laws.
- 3. Understand the measurement and relation between the basic electrical parameters
- 4. Understand the response of different types of electrical circuits to different excitations.
- 5. Compare the basic characteristics of Electrical machines

TASK-1: Verification of Ohms Law , KVL and KCL

TASK-2: Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems

TASK-3: Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity Theorems.

- TASK-4: Transient Response of Series RL, RC and RLC circuits using DC excitation,
- TASK-5: Resonance in series RLC circuit
- **TASK-6:** Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC series circuits
- **TASK-7:** Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)
- **TASK-8:** Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)
- TASK-9: Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit
- TASK-10: Performance Characteristics of a Separately Excited DC Shunt Motor
- TASK-11: Torque-Slip Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor
- TASK-12: No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

Course Code: GR20A1014 I Year I Semesters

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. Introduce practical applications of chemistry concepts to solve engineering problems.
- 2. To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as a function of time.
- 3. Measure the molecular or ionic properties such as conductance, redox potentials
- 4. Synthesize a drug molecule to learn how organic compounds are prepared in industry.
- 5. Know the laboratory practices implemented in a research and industrial chemistry laboratory setting.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Ability to perform experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering.
- 2. Determination of parameters like hardness and chloride content in water, measurement of redox potentials and conductance.
- 3. Understand the kinetics of a reactions from a change in concentrations of reactants or products as a function of time.
- 4. Synthesize a drug molecule as an example of organic synthesis methods widely used in industry.
- 5. Determination of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.

List of Experiments: (any 12 experiments out of 14)

- 1. Determination total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA.
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry.
- 3. Redox titration: Estimation of ferrous iron using standard KMnO4
- 4. Estimation of HCl by Conduct ometric itrations
- 5. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conduct ometric itrations
- 6. Estimation of Ferrous iron by Potentiometry using dichromate
- 7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalyzed reaction of methylacetate
- 8. Determination of acid value of coconutoil.
- 9. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
- 10. Determination of surface tension of liquid by using stalagmometer
- 11. Determination of viscosity of liquid by using Ostwald'sviscometer.
- 12. Determinationofpartitioncoefficientofaceticacidbetweenn-butanolandwater.
- 13. Synthesis of Aspirin
- 14. Synthesis of Paracetamol.

Reference Books:

- 1. Vogel's text book of Practical organic chemistry, 5thEdition.
- 2. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, B.D. Khosala, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand & Co.,Delhi)
- 3. Text book on experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry-S.S.Dara.
- 4. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D.S. Sharma (Vikas Publications, NewDelhi)

GOKARAJURANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

Course Code: GR20A1016 I Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- 2. To analyze the various steps in program development.
- 3. To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
- 4. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- 5. To write programs to create, read from and write to text and binary files.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Formulate the algorithms for simple problems and translate algorithms to a working and correct program.
- 2. Identify, analyse and correct syntax and logical errors encountered during coding.
- 3. Interpret and implement programs using branching and looping statements.
- 4. Represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures and use pointers.
- 5. Create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files and modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

TASK 1

- a. Write a C program to implement operators in c?
- b. Write a C program to find greatest and smallest among three numbers using conditional operator.
- c. Write a C program to implicit and explicit type conversion in c?

TASK 2

- a. Write a C program to swap two numbers using the following .
 - i. Using third variable
 - ii. Without using third variable
 - iii. Using bitwise operators
- b. Write a C program to add two numbers without using arithmetic operators in c?

TASK 3

- a. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation using if-else.
- b. The program should request the user to input two numbers and display one of the following as per the desire of user. (a). Sum of numbers (b) difference of numbers (c) product of the numbers (d)division of the numbers. Write a C program using switch statement to accomplish the above task.

TASK 4

- a. Write a C Program check whether a given number is perfect number or not.
- b. Write a C Program check whether a given number is palindrome number or not.
- c. Write a C Program check whether a given number is Armstrong numberor not.

TASK 5

a. Write a C program to display the following patterns.

| i) 1 | ii. 1 |
|----------|----------|
| 2 3 | 2 3 |
| 4 5 6 | 4 5 6 |
| 7 8 9 10 | 7 8 9 10 |

- b. Write a C program to generate the prime numbers between x and y where x and y are starting and ending values to be supplied by the user.
- c. Write a C program to calculate the following Sum:
 - a. $Sum=1+x/1!-x^{2}+x^{3}-x^{4}+\dots x^{n}$

TASK 6

- 1) Write a C program to find sum, average and minimum and maximum in a list of numbers.
- 2) Write a C program to implement linear search.
- 3) Write a C program to implement binary search.

TASK 7

- a. Write a C program to implement matrix addition
- b. Write a C program to implement matrix multiplication.

TASK 8

- a. Write a C program to implement the following string handling functions. i.strlen() ii.strcpy() iii.strcmp() iv.strcat()
- b. Write a C program to read first name, middle name and last name of a student and display a string full name without using string handling functions.

TASK 9

- c. Write a C program to determine if a String is Palindrome or not.
- d. Write a C program to sort the names of n students in the alphabetical order.

e.

TASK 10

- f. Write a C program to implement the following using recursive and non-recursive functions to find the factorial of a given integer.
- g. Write a C program to implement the following using recursive and non-recursive functions to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers

TASK 11

- h. Write a C program to implement transpose of a matrix using functions.
- i. Write a C program to display binary equivalent of a given decimal number.

TASK 12

- a. Create a structure student with name ,rollno,marks of 3 subjects as members . Write a c program to sort student details based on total using structures and functions .
- b. Write a C program that uses structures and functions to perform the following operations:
 - i. Addition of two complex numbers
 - ii. Subtraction of two complex numbers
 - iii. Multiplication of two complex numbers

TASK 13

- a. Write a C program using functions and pointers that compares two strings to see whether they are identical. The function returns 1 if they are identical, 0 otherwise.
- b. Write a C program to sort list of numbers using pointers.

TASK 14

- a. Write a C program to implement following pre-processor directives.
 - i. define ii. ifdef iii. undef iv. ifndef.
- b. Write a C program to create a user defined header file to find sum, product and greatest of two numbers ?

TASK 15

- a. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file.
- b. Write a C program to find some of n numbers using command line arguments.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PrenticeHall of India 2. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16th Impression)
- 3. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. HerbertSchildt, C: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

Course Code: GR20A1019 I Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 1/0/3/2.5

Course objectives:

- 1. To prepare and practice of scientific principles underlying the art of manufacturing in workshop/manufacturing practices.
- 2. To demonstrate basic knowledge of various tools and their use in different sections.
- 3. To make students to execute applications of various tools in carpentry.
- 4. To make students recognize applications of manufacturing methods casting, forming machining, joining and advanced manufacturing methods.
- 5. To develop generate safety rules, safe practices and workshop dress code.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Develop various trades applicable to industries / Manufacturing practices.
- 2. Create Hands on experience for common trades.
- 3. Improve to fabricate components with their own hands.
- 4. Develop practical knowledge on the dimensional accuracies and dimensional tolerances possible with various manufacturing processes.
- 5. To build the requirement of quality of work life on safety and organizational needs.

TRADES FOR EXERCISES: At least two exercises from each trade:

- 1. Carpentry
- 2. Fitting Shop
- 3. Tin-Smithy
- 4. Casting
- 5. Welding Practice
- 6. House-wiring
- 7. Black Smithy
- 8. **VIDEO LECTURES:** Carpentry, Fitting operations, Tin-Smithy, Casting, Welding, Electrical and Electronics, Black Smithy, Plumbing, Power tools in construction and Wood Working, Manufacturing Methods,

Text/ Reference Books:

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja / Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal /Anuradha.
- 3. Work shop Manual P. Kannaiah/ K. L. Narayana/SciTech
- 4. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/BSP
- 5. Workshop Manual/K. Venugopal/Dr.V. Prabhu Raja/G.Sreekanjan

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY LIFE SKILLS AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT (LSPD) Course Code: GR20A1021 L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/1 I Year I Semester

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Course Objectives:

Students undergoing the course are expected to

- 1. Understand the concepts such as "Time Management", "Managing Information Overload" and "How to cope with Peer pressure".
- 2. Become familiar with concepts like how to master "English Language Skills" and "Communication skills".
- 3. Be thorough with the "science behind personal health management and addictions" and stress management.
- 4. Appreciate the importance of cultivating good hobbies, need for forming good habits and discarding bad habits and how to hold difficult conversations in crisis situations.
- 5. Understand the importance of creative thinking, continuous and lifelong learning and cross culture sensitization. They will know what is meant by collaboration and team working.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student should be able to

- 1. Apply the concept of Time Management to his own day to day life. They will also learn to cope with Information Overload, which has become a serious problem for the digital generation. They will be in a position to withstand harmful peer pressure, and steer themselves towards attaining their own objectives in the four years time they spend in the college.
- 2. Apart from understanding the importance of English language skills in a globalized world, they will leart the methodologies as to how they can master English Language skills. They will become familiar with the communication skills and etiquette, body language, non-verbal communication and they will start applying these concepts in their day to day life. This will help them to become thorough professionals in their career.
- 3. Large number of students are ignorant about the need for personal health management and the need to stay away from addictions. After this course, they will get a complete understanding of the biological basis behind these concepts. This will help them to maintain a robust health trough out their life and it will also keep them away from addictions like drug addiction, alcohol addiction & video games addiction. They will learn the techniques of stress management as well.
- 4. They would start cultivating some good hobbies which will help them to maintain ideal work-life balance throughout their life. The students would start discarding bad habits & will start picking up good habits. Further, they will learn the techniques of holding difficult conversations and negotiations, which is an important skill set in the 21st century world.
- 5. They will develop the aptitude for finding creative solutions to problems and they will come to realize the importance of continuous and lifelong learning in a fast changing technological landscape. They will appreciate why collaboration and team working skills are important for success in a modern world.

UNIT I

Introduction to life skills: Why life skills are important for students. Highly competitive job market; companies test not only Engineering knowledge but also life skills; Fast paced changes in technologies; proliferation of electronic gadgets and harmful online content; Even to perform well in B.Tech, students need basic life skills.

Time management: What is meant by time management; Impulsive behaviorVs goal directive behavior; The concept of time log; What are the usual time wasters for students; How to minimize time wasters.

Information overload and how to cope with it: ICT revolution; proliferation of electronic media; Exponential growth in online content; Impact of information overload on human brain; How information overload interferes with student learning.

UNIT II

How to master English Language Skills:Importance of English in a globalized world; For any engineer, the whole world is his job market; Companies conduct exams, interviews & group discussions in English; Interdependence of communication skills & language skills; Entrance exams to foreign universities test English language skills; What are the various language skills; Practical strategies to improve one's English language skills.

Communication Skills: What is communication; Various types of communication's; Why communication skills are important in the modern world; Importance given to communication by companies during recruitment; Barriers to effective communication; Practical strategies to improve one's communication skills.

Body language, Etiquette and Non-Verbal communication: What is etiquette, grooming, attire & body language? Why these are important in the modern world; What kind of etiquette is expected by companies; How success in career & life is interlinked to etiquette, grooming, attire & body language; practical steps to improve one's etiquette, grooming, attire & body language.

UNIT III

Science behind personal health management: Widespread ignorance in society on health issues; WHO definition of Health; Human evolution; Hunting & Gathering lifestyle; Importance of physical work for human body & mind; Dangers of sedentary lifestyle; Germ diseases Vs Lifestyle diseases; How to integrate physical exercise into daily life.

Science behind Addictions: What is an addiction? Neurology and hormonal basics of addictive behavior; How addictions are formed; Harmful effects of addictions on physical health & mental health; How to recognize the addictions in oneself; How to come out of addictions.

Stress management: What is stress; Various stressors faced by a student; Fight & Flight response of humans; Harmful effects of chronic stress; Symptoms of poor coping skills of stress; Stress & Psychiatric problems; Easy coping strategies for stress.

UNIT IV

Need for cultivating good hobbies: Why hobbies are important for maintaining work-life balance; how hobbies help in maintaining good physical and mental health, what are various hobbies.

What is habit? Why it is so important. How to cultivate good habits & discard bad habits: Why habits are critical for successful life; How habits forms; How to analyze one's own habits; How to recognize useless & harmful habits; How to cultivate & Sustain useful habits; Difference between hobby & habit.

Peer pressure and how to cope with it: Human being is a social animal; Physical pain & social pain; How to be aware of harmful social pressure; Role of prefrontal cortex in judgment and decision making; why teenagers are vulnerable to peer pressure; strategies to overcome harmful peer pressure.

UNIT V

Continuous & lifelong learning: Accelerated change in technology landscape; shorter & shorter life cycles of technologies; Need for continuous learning ; Engineering knowledge alone is not enough to solve the real-life problems.

Cross culture sensitization: What is culture; why there are different cultures; How to understand culture; Today all workplaces are multi-cultural; How stereotypes develop in the mind about other cultures; Dangersof stereotypes & culture hatred prevailing society; How to overcome the culture prejudices.

Collaboration & team working skills. Why collaboration is important to succeed in one's own career, Today's workplace is all about teams, what is team working, what are various team working skills, how to be a good team member.

Textbooks:

- 1. The story of the human body by Daniel E Lieberman, Published by Pantheon Books, 2013
- 2. Spark by Dr. John J Ratey, *Publisher* Little Brown Spark 01-01-2013.
- 3. Creative thinking by Edward De Bono, Publisher: Penguin UK (25 October 2016).

Reference:

- 1. The power of positive confrontation by Barbara Pachter; Publisher: Da Capo Lifelong Books (November 28, 1999) ...
- 2. Habit by Charles Duhigg, Publisher: Random House Trade Paperbacks, 2012
- 3. Communication skills for engineers and scientists by Sangeetha Sharma and Binod Mishra, PHI Learning, 2009.
- 4. Time management by Brian Tracy, Publisher: AMACOM, 2014

I YEAR II SEMESTER

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS

Course Code: GR20A1002

L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4

I Year II Semester

Course Objectives:

- 1. Knowledge to solve engineering problems governed by differential equations
- 2. The skill of evaluating multiple integrals needed for applications in mechanics and electro-magnetic field theory
- 3. The knowledge to interpret the functions arising in vector field theory and utilize mathematical tools for some computations
- 4. The skill of evaluating work done by a field and flux across a surface
- 5. The skill of utilizing specialized theorems for fast evaluation of work and flux

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- 1. Classify the differential equations of first order and solve them analytically by suggested methods
- 2. Solve linear differential equations of higher order under various forcing functions
- 3. Evaluate double and triple integrals and apply them to some problems in geometry and mechanics
- 4. Apply vector differential operators on scalar and vector fields and apply them to solve some field related problems
- 5. Apply classical vector integral theorems for fast evaluation of work done around closed curves and flux across closed surfaces

UNIT I

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF THE FIRST ORDER

LDE of the first order: Solution of Exact, Linear and Bernoulli equations, modeling Newton's law of cooling, growth and decay models, modeling of R-L circuit

UNIT II

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER ORDER

LDE with constant coefficients: Complementary function, over damping, under damping and critical damping of a system, Particular integrals for f(x) of the form e^{ax} , x^n , cosax, sinax, $e^{ax}V(x)$ and xV(x) where $V(x) \equiv cosax$ and sinax, the method of variation of parameters

LDE with variable coefficients: Cauchy's homogeneous equation, Legendre's homogeneous equations

UNIT III

MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

Double integrals: Evaluation of Double Integrals, change of order of integration (only Cartesian form), change of variables (Cartesian and polar coordinates)

Triple Integrals: Evaluation of triple integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates)

Applications: Area using the double integral –Volume of a solid using the double and triple integral- Mass, Center of mass and Center of gravity using double and triple integrals

UNIT IV

VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION AND LINE INTEGRATION

Vector differentiation: Scalar and vector point functions, Concepts of gradient, divergence and curl of functions in cartesian framework, solenoidal field, irrotational field, scalar potential

Vector line integration: Evaluation of the line integral, concept of work done by a force field, Conservative fields

UNIT V

SURFACE INTEGRATION AND VECTOR INTEGRAL THEOREMS

Surface integration: Evaluation of surface and volume integrals, flux across a surface Vector integral theorems: Green's, Gauss and Stokes theorems (without proof) and their applications

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. R.K.Jain and S.R.K.Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa publishing house, Fourth edition 2014
- 2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 3. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006
- 4.. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thEdition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- 1. GRIET reference manual
- 2. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes
- 3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY APPLIED PHYSICS

Course Code: GR20A1003 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the dualistic nature of radiation and matter waves with experimental validation.
- 2. Outline the properties of semiconductor materials for specific applications.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of optoelectronic devices.
- 4. Discuss the use of lasers as light sources in optical fiber applications.
- 5. Study the properties of dielectric, magnetic and superconducting materials for various applications.

Course Outcomes: At the completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Solve engineering problems involving quantum nature of radiation and matter waves.
- 2. Comprehend the characteristics of semiconductor devices such as transistors and diodes.
- 3. Familiarize with operation of optoelectronic devices and its applications.
- 4. Analyze the properties of Laser and its propagation in different types of optical fibers.
- 5. Identify dielectric, magnetic and superconducting materials based on their properties for specific applications.

UNIT I

Quantum Mechanics: Introduction, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photoelectric effect- Einstein's Photoelectric equation, Compton effect (Qualitative), Wave-Particle duality, de Broglie hypothesis, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Born's interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation, Particle in one dimensional infinite potential box.

UNIT II

Semiconductor Physics: Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Estimation of carrier concentration, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier concentration and variation with temperature, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Hall Effect, p-n junction diode: I-V Characteristics, Zener diode: I-V Characteristics, Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Construction and principle of operation (n-p-n and p-n-p) in common base configuration.

UNIT III

Optoelectronics: Radiative transitions: Absorption, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission, Non-radiative transitions: Auger recombination, Surface recombination and recombination at defects, Generation and recombination mechanism in semiconductors, LED and Semiconductor lasers: Device structure, Materials, Characteristics, Semiconductor photo-detectors: PIN and Avalanche detectors and their structure, Materials, Working principle and Characteristics, Solar cell: Structure and Characteristics.

UNIT IV

Lasers: Introduction, Characteristics of lasers, Einstein coefficients, Resonating cavity, Active medium-Meta stable state, Pumping, Population inversion, Construction and working of Ruby laser and He-Ne laser, Applications of lasers.

Fiber Optics: Introduction, Principle and Structure of an optical fiber, Basic components in optical fiber communication system, Comparison of optical fibers over conventional cables, Acceptance angle-Numerical aperture, Types of optical fibers, Losses associated with optical fibers, Applications of optical fibers.

UNIT V

Dielectric Materials: Introduction, Types of polarizations (Electronic, Ionic and Orientational Polarizations) and calculation of Electronic and Ionic polarizability.

Magnetic Materials: Introduction, Bohr magneton, classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment, Hysteresis curve based on domain theory, Soft and hard magnetic materials, Properties of anti-ferro and ferri magnetic materials.

Superconducting materials: Introduction to superconductors, General properties, Meissner effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, Applications of superconducting materials.

Teaching methodologies:

- White board and marker
- Power Point Presentations
- Video lectures

Text books:

- 1. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi CengageLearing.
- 2. Halliday and Resnick, Physics Wiley.
- 3. Engineering Physics, P.K Palanisamy, Scitech Publishers.
- 4. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar S. Chand.
- 5. Applied Physics, T. Bhīma Sankaram, BSP Publishers.

References;

- 1. Richard Robinett, Quantum Mechanics
- 2. Fundamentals of Semiconductor Devices, Second Edition, Anderson and Anderson, McGraw Hill.
- 3. J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Inc.(1995)
- 4. Semiconductor Physics and Devices, 4e, Neamen and Biswas, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Online Course: "Optoelectronic Materials and Devices" by Monica Katiyar and Deepak Gupthaon NPTEL.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGLISH

Course Code: GR20A1006 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C:2/0/0/2

I Year II Semester

Course Objectives:

The course will help to

- 1. Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
- 2. Equip students to study academic subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of English syllabus.
- 3. Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.
- 4. Understand the importance of defining, classifying and practice the unique qualities of professional writing style.
- 5. Employ the acquired knowledge in classroom with reference to various social and professional spheres thus leading to a life-long learning process

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- 1. Use English Language effectively in spoken and written forms.
- 2. Comprehend the given texts and respond appropriately.
- 3. Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures.
- 4. Acquire proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.
- 5. Demonstrate the skills needed to participate in a conversation that builds knowledge collaboratively by listening carefully and respect others point of view

UNIT I

Where the Mind is without Fear poem by Rabindranath Tagore

Vocabulary Building: The Concept of Word Formation-- The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes. **Grammar**: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

Reading: Reading and Its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading

Basic Writing Skills: Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences-Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for writing precisely – Paragraph writing – Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

UNIT II

The Last Leaf by O. Henry

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.

Reading: Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning

Writing: Note Making, PrécisWriting, Writing an Abstract, Nature and Style of Sensible Writing-

Defining- Describing Objects, Places and Events – Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence

UNIT III

'Blue Jeans' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages in English toform Derivatives-Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers-Verbs and Tenses.

Reading: Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension

Writing: Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal LettersE.g. Letter of Complaint,Letter of Requisition, Use of phrases for formal and informal letter writing.

UNIT IV

'What Should You Be Eating' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

Vocabulary: Standard Abbreviations in English and Phrasal Verbs

Grammar: Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

Reading: Comprehension- Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading

Writing: Writing Introduction and Conclusion -Essay Writing-Types of Essays- Picture Composition

UNIT V

'How a Chinese Billionaire Built Her Fortune' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press. Vocabulary: Technical Vocabulary and their usage

Vocabulary: One Word Substitutes, Technical vocabulary and their usage

Grammar: Common Errors in English

Reading: Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

Writing:Technical Reports- Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

Text Books:

1. Sudarshana, N.P. and Savitha, C. (2018). English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press.

References:

1. Swan, M. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press.

- 2. Kumar, S and Lata, P. (2018). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Zinsser, William. (2001). On Writing Well. Harper Resource Book.
- 5. Hamp-Lyons, L. (2006). Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts I –III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DATA STRUCTURES

Course Code: GR20A1011 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To impart the basic concepts of data structures, algorithms and various searching and sorting techniques.
- 2. To demonstrate operations of linear data structures like stacks and queues.
- 3. To develop algorithms to implement operations on linked lists.
- 4. To demonstrate operations of non-linear data structures trees and graphs.
- 5. To realize the merits and demerits and applications of various data structures.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Analyze basic concepts of data structures, computation complexity and implement various searching and sorting techniques.
- 2. Apply various operations on linear data structures Stack and Queue and their applications.
- 3. Develop algorithms for operations on linked lists and convert them to programs.
- 4. Apply various operations on non-linear data structure tree.
- 5. Implement various graph traversals techniques and idea of hashing.

UNIT I

Sorting: Bubble sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort (Algorithms and implementation)

Algorithms: Analysis of algorithms, Basic concept of order of complexity, Asymptotic Notations: Big Oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation, Little oh notation and Little omega notation.

UNIT II

Stacks: Introduction to Data Structures: Basic Stack Operations-pop, push, display, delete. Representation of a Stack, Implementation of stack using Arrays, Stack Applications: Recursion, Infix to postfix Transformation, Evaluating Post-fix Expressions

Queues: Basic Queue Operations-enqueue, dequeue, Representation of a Queue using array, Implementation of Queue Operations using arrays, Applications of Queues, Circular Queue.

UNIT III

LIST: Introduction, Dynamic memory allocation, single linked list, Advantages and disadvantages of Single linked list ,Single linked list VS Arrays, Representation of a linked list in memory, Operations-insertion, deletion, display, search, Implementation of stack, queue using linked list. Circular linked list, Double linked list.

UNIT IV

TREES: Basic tree concepts, Binary Trees: Properties, Representation of Binary Trees using arrays and linked lists, Operations on a Binary Search Tree, Binary Search Tree Traversals (recursive), Creation of binary tree from traversals.

UNIT V

Graphs: Definition, Basic Terminology, Representation of Graphs, Graph Traversal Techniques –Breadth First Traversal, Depth First Traversal. Introduction to Hashing (no implementation).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Data Structures, 2/e, Richard F, Gilberg, Forouzan, Cengage

2. Data Structures and Algorithms, 2008, G. A. V. Pai, TMH

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Data Structure with C, Seymour Lipschutz, TMH
- 2. Classic Data Structures, 2/e, Debasis, Samanta, PHI, 2009

3. Fundamentals of Data Structure in C, 2/e, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson Freed, University Prees

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

Course Code: GR20A1012 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. Outline the characteristics of various semiconducting devices.
- 2. Identify the behavioral aspects of magnetic and electric fields.
- 3. Demonstrate the quantum nature of radiation through photoelectric effect.
- 4. Apply the theoretical concepts of Lasers and optical fibers in practical applications.
- 5. Recall the basic concepts of LCR and RC circuits through hands on experience.

Course Outcomes: At the completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Compare the behavior of p-n junction diode, Solar cells and LED.
- 2. Analyze the behavior of magnetic and electric fields with the help of graphs.
- 3. Determine the work function of a material through photoelectric effect.
- 4. Asses the characteristics of Lasers and infer the losses in optical fibers.
- 5. Estimate the time constant of RC circuit and resonance phenomenon in LCR circuit.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Energy gap of P-N junction diode: To determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode.
- 2. Solar Cell: To study the V-I Characteristics of solar cell.
- 3. Light emitting diode: Plot V-I and P-I characteristics of light emitting diode.
- 4. Stewart Gee's experiment: Determination of magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil.
- 5. Hall effect: To determine Hall co-efficient of a given semiconductor.
- 6. Photoelectric effect: To determine work function of a given material and Planck's constant.
- 7. LASER: To study the V-I and P-I characteristics of LASER sources.
- 8. Optical fiber: To determine the bending losses of Optical fibers.
- 9. LCR Circuit: To determine the resonant frequency and Quality factor of LCR Circuit in series and parallel.

10. R-C Circuit: To determine the time constant of R-C circuit during charging and discharging.

Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Course Code: GR20A1010 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 1/0/4/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Provide basic conventions and standards used in Engineering Graphics.
- 2. Impart knowledge on various Engineering curves and their significance.
- 3. To draw orthographic, sectional and pictorial views of a given solid.
- 4. To develop skills in three dimensional visualization of engineering components.
- 5. To inculcate CAD packages on modelling and drafting.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Familiarize with BIS standards and conventions used in engineering graphics.
- 2. Draw various engineering curves e.g., ellipse, parabola, cycloids and involutes etc and construct various reduced scales e.g., plain, diagonal and Vernier scales.
- 3. Differentiate between first angle and third angle methods of projection and distinguish parallel and perspective projection.
- 4. Visualize different views like elevation and plan for a given line, plane figures or solid objects.
- 5. Apply drafting techniques and use 2D software e.g., AutoCAD to sketch 2D plane figures.

Unit I:

Introduction to Engineering Graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance; **Conic Sections-** ellipse, parabola and hyperbola – General method only. **Cycloidal curves** –cycloid, epicycloid and hypo-cycloid; **Scales**– plain and diagonal.

Unit II:

Projections of Points, Lines and Planes: Introduction to principal planes of projections, **Projections of the points** located in same quadrant and different quadrants, **Projections of line** with its inclination to one reference plane and with two reference planes. True length and inclination with the reference planes. **Projections of regular planes** (polygons, circle and Square etc.,) with its inclination to one reference plane and with two reference planes. Concept of auxiliary plane method for projections of the plane.

Unit III:

Projections of solids (regular and right solids only) - Classification of solids, Projections of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism) **Intersection of solids** – concept of lines of intersection and curves of intersection, intersection of solids (Prism Vs Prism and Cylinder Vs Cylinder) with their axes perpendicular to each other.

Unit IV:

Section of solids – Sectional views of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism) and the true shape of the section, **Development of surfaces-** Development of surfaces of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism).

Unit V:

Orthographic Projections: Fundamental of projection along with classification, Projections from the pictorial view of the object on the principal planes for view from front, top and sides using first angle projection method and third angle projection method;

Isometric Projections and Isometric View: Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views –Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts, Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa –Conventions

Introduction to CAD: (For Internal Evaluation Weightage only): Introduction to CAD Software Package Commands.- Free Hand Sketches of 2D- Creation of 2D Sketches by CAD Package

Text /Reference Books:

- 1. Engineering Drawing by N.D.BHATT/CHAROTAR PUBLISHING HOUSE PVT LTD
- 2. Engineering Drawing by Basanth Agrawal/ C M Agrawal/ McGraw Hill Education
- 3. Engineering Drawing by K.Venu Gopal/New Age Publications.
- 4. Engineering Graphics Essentials with AutoCAD 2018 Instruction by Kirstie Platenberg/SDC publications.
- 5. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing / K Balaveera reddy et al-CBS publishers
- 6. Engineering Graphics and Design by Kaushik Kumar / Apurba kumar Roy / Chikesh

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Course Code: GR20A1018 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1

Course Objectives:

- 1. To work with sorting techniques.
- 2. To translate algorithms to programs.
- 3. To develop programs to implement basic data structures.
- 4. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs.
- 5. To implement tree and graph traversals.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Formulate the algorithms for sorting problems and translate algorithms to a working and correct program.
- 2. Implement stack and queue data structures and their applications.
- 3. Interpret linked list concept to produce executable codes.
- 4. Develop working procedure on trees using structures, pointers and recursion.
- 5. Implements graph traversal techniques

TASK 1

- a. Implement Bubble sort using a C program.
- b. Implement Selection sort using a C program.
- c. Implement Insertion Sort using a C program.

TASK 2

- a. Implement Quick sort using a C program.
- b. Implement Merge sort using a C program.

TASK 3

- a. Implementation of Stack operations using arrays in C.
- b. Implementation of Queue operations using arrays in C.

TASK 4

- a. Write a c program to convert Infix to Postfix expression.
- b. Write a c program to evaluate a Postfix expression

TASK 5

a. Implement Circular Queue operations in C.

TASK6

a. Implement Single Linked List operations in C.

TASK 7

a. Implement Circular Linked List operations in C.

TASK 8

a. Implement Double Linked List operations in C.

TASK 9

- a. Implement the following operations on Binary Search Tree.
 - i. Create
 - ii. Insert
 - iii. Search

TASK 10

a. Implement Preorder, Inorder and Postorder traversals of Binary Search Tree using recursion in C.

TASK 11

a. Implement Depth First Traversal on graphs in C.

TASK 12

a. Implement Breadth First Traversal on graphs in C.

Teaching methodologies:

- Power Point Presentations
- Tutorial Sheets
- Assignments

Text Books:

- 1. Data Structures, 2/e, Richard F, Gilberg , Forouzan, Cengage
- 2. Data Structures and Algorithms, 2008, G. A.V.Pai, TMH

References:

- 1. Data Structure with C, Seymour Lipschutz, TMH
- 2. Classic Data Structures, 2/e, Debasis, Samanta, PHI, 2009
- 3. Fundamentals of Data Structure in C, 2/e, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson Freed, University Press

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB Course Code: GR20A1015 L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1

I Year II Semester

Course Objectives:

- 1. Facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- 2. Sensitize students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation rhythm and Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- 3. Bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- 4. Improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mother tongue influence
- 5. Train students to use language appropriately for public speaking and interviews

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to

- 1. Interpret the role and importance of various forms of communication skills.
- 2. Demonstrate the skills needed to participate in a conversation that builds knowledge collaboratively by listening carefully and respect others point of view.
- 3. Utilize various media of verbal and non-verbal communication with reference to various professional contexts.
- 4. Recognise the need to work in teams with appropriate ethical, social and professional responsibilities.
- 5. Evaluate and use a neutral and correct form of English.

English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

Exercise I

CALL Lab:

Understand: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Consonant and Vowel Sounds.

Practice: Introduction to Phonetics– Speech Sounds – Vowels and Consonants.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Ice Breaking and JAM.

Practice: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session. Introducing oneself and others

Exercise II

CALL Lab:

Understand: Structure of Syllables – Word Stress and Rhythm– Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations –Making Requests and Seeking Permissions- Telephone Etiquette

Exercise III

CALL Lab: -Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI).

Understand: Intonation--Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI).

Practice: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and American Pronunciation.

ICS Lab:

Understand: Debates- argumentative vs persuasive - Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks. **Practice:** Debates- Making a Short Speech – Extempore.

Exercise IV
CALL Lab:
Understand: Listening Skills and its importance-- Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening.
Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests.
ICS Lab:
Understand: How to make informal and Formal Presentations
Practice: Collages / Poster Presentations-Power point presentations

Exercise V CALL Lab: Understand: Listening for General/Specific Details. Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests. ICS Lab: Understand: Story Telling – Narrating a story – Using appropriate language elements Practice: Weaving Stories

Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DESIGN THINKING

Course Code: GR20A1020 I Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/1

Course Objectives

- 1. Study a problem from multiple perspectives
- 2. Learn how to frame the design challenge properly.
- 3. Learn how to ideate, prototype and Iterate solutions.
- 4. Learn from the overall design process how to create value as entrepreneurs
- 5. Learn how to design successful products or enterprises

Course Outcomes

- 1. Students will be able to identify an Opportunity from a Problem
- 2. Students will be able to frame a Product/Service Idea
- 3. Students will be able to empathize with the customers
- 4. Students will be able to design and develop a Prototype
- 5. Students will be able to pitch their idea

UNIT I

Introduction to Design Thinking: LRI Assessment, Introduction to Design Thinking, Understanding the Mindsets-Empathy, Optimism, Embrace Ambiguity, Make it, Learn from Failure, Iterate, Create Confidence, Creativity Convergent & Divergent Thinking

UNIT II

Design Thinking Methodology: The 5 Stages of the Design Thinking Process-Empathise, Define (the problem), Ideate, Prototype, and Test,

UNIT III

Ideation tools & exercises. Sample Design Challenge, Introduction to the Design Challenge Themes, Story telling and Tools for Innovation

UNIT IV

Empathize-Understand customers, Empathy Maps, Empathise-Step into customers shoes- Customer Journey Maps, Define- Analysis & Drawing Inferences from Research

UNIT V

The Design Challenge: Define the Design Challenge, Prototyping & Iteration- Feasibility Study, Testing-Documentation and the Pitch

TEXT BOOK :

Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School – Idris Mootee.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Zero to One: Note on Start-Ups, or How to Build the Future
- 2. The Lean Startup: How Constant Innovation Creates Radically Successful Businesses
- 3. Start With Why: How Great Leaders Inspire Everyone To Take Action

II YEAR I SEMESTER

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

Course Code: GR20A2052 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the components and its functionality such as Diodes, BJTs and FETs.
- 2. To know the switching characteristics of components
- 3. To classify and compare the functionalities of diodes, BJTs and FETs
- 4. To know the applications of components.
- 5. To understand the various types of circuits used in Engineering Field.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Describe about different types of diodes, transistors and applying them for understanding various circuits.
- 2. Know the characteristics of various components.
- 3. Analyze the working principles of various components.
- 4. Ability to express functioning of diodes, BJT's, UJT's, FET's and SCR's.
- 5. Analyze and design various circuits for different applications in Engineering Field.

UNIT –I

Semiconductors and PN junction Diode: Semi-conductor physics: n and p type semiconductors mass action law, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Open circuited p-n junction, Energy band diagram of p-n junction diode Forward and reverse bias, Current components in p-n diode, Law of junction, Diode equation Volt-ampere characteristics of p-n diode, Temperature dependence of V-I Characteristics ,Transition and Diffusion capacitances , Breakdown, Mechanisms in semiconductor Diodes(Avalanche and Zener break down), Zener diode Characteristics.

UNIT -II

Power Amplifiers: Half wave rectifier, Full wave rectifier and Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L-section filter, Π section filter and comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors, Simple circuit of a Zener diode as a voltage regulator. Special Diodes: Characteristics of Tunnel Diode, Varactor diode, LED.

UNIT -III

Bipolar Junction Transistor: Junction Transistor, Transistor Current Components, Transistor Construction, Detailed Study of currents in a transistor, Input and output characteristics of transistor in common Base, Input and output characteristics of transistor in common Emitter and common collector configurations, Relation between Alpha and Beta and Gamma ,Typical transistor junction voltage values. **Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFET):** JFET Characteristics (n and p channels), MOSFET characteristics (Enhancement and depletion mode), Introduction to SCR and UJT.

UNIT –IV

Biasing and Stabilization: BJT biasing, DC Equivalent Model, Criteria for fixing operating point, Fixed bias, Collector to base bias, Self bias techniques for Stabilization , Stabilization factors, Compensation techniques, Compensation against variation in V_{BE} and I_{CO} . Thermal run away, Thermal Stability

UNIT –V

Amplifiers: Small Signal low frequency amplifier circuits, h-parameter representation of a transistor, Analysis of Single Stage transistor amplifier using h-parameters: voltage gain, current gain Input and Output impedance, Comparison of transistor configurations in terms of Ai, Ri, Av, Ro

Text/Reference Books:

Integrated Electronics - Jacob Millman and Christos C Halkias, 1991 ed., 2008, TMH.

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory Robert L.Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky, 9 ed., 2008PE.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, S Salivahanan and N Suresh kumar, McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Introductory Electronic Devices and Circuits– Robert T. Paynter, 7 ed., 2009, PEI.
- 4. Electronic Circuit Analysis K. Lal Kishore, 2004, BSP.
- 5. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell 5 ed., Oxford University Press.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Course Code: GR20A2053 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the theory of Boolean algebra and to study representation of switching functions using Boolean expressions and their minimization techniques.
- 2. To study the combinational logic design of various logic and switching devices and their realization, verilog programming concepts.
- 3. To study the sequential logic circuit design both in synchronous and Asynchronous modes for various complex logic and switching devices, their minimization techniques and their realizations using verilog.
- 4. To study the sequential elements like registers, counters and their usage in the real world.
- 5. To understand characteristics of memory and their classification, concept of Programmable Devices, PLA, PAL and CPLD and implement digital system using verilog.

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Aware of theory of Boolean algebra, Logic gates & the underlying features of various number systems.
- 2. Use the concepts of Boolean algebra for the analysis & design of various combinational logic circuits, can able to write verilog program.
- 3. Use the concepts of Boolean algebra for the analysis & design of various sequential logic circuits, can able to write verilog program.
- 4. Apply the fundamental knowledge of analog and digital electronics to design different circuit elements like registers and counters which are very useful for real world with different changing circumstances.
- 5. Classify different semiconductor memories, Design various logic gates starting from simple ordinary gates to complex programmable logic devices & arrays and and implement digital system using verilog.

UNIT-I

Boolean algebra & Logic Gates: Number systems, Number- Base Conversions, Signed Binary Numbers, Binary Codes, Axiomatic Definition of Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems, Boolean Functions, Canonical and standard Forms. Logic Gates: Digital Logic Gates, NAND and NOR Implementation, Exclusive-OR Function, Integrated Circuits, Gate-level Minimization, The K-Map Method, Four-Variable Map, Five-Variable Map, Don't-care Conditions.

UNIT-II

Combinational logic circuits: Introduction to Combinational circuits, Analysis Procedure, Design Procedure, Codeconversion, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Carry Propagation, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Binary Subtractor, Decimal Adder, BCD adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers with design examples. Introduction to verilog to implement combinational circuits.

UNIT-III

Sequential Logic circuits: Difference between combinational and sequential logic circuits, Flip-Flops, Triggering of Flip Flops, Analysis of Clocked Sequential Circuits, State Reduction and Assignment, Flip-Flop Excitation Tables, Design Procedure, Fundamentals of Asynchronous Sequential Logic: Introduction, Analysis procedure, Circuits with Latches, Design Procedure. verilog code to implement sequential circuits.

UNIT-IV

Registers and Counters: Registers with parallel load, Shift registers, Serial Transfer, Serial Addition, Universal Shift Register, Ripple Counters, Binary Ripple Counter, BCD Ripple Counter, Synchronous Counters, Binary Counter, Up-Down Counter, BCD Counter, Binary Counter with Parallel Load, Counter with Unused States, Ring Counter, Johnson Counter, verilog to design Registers and Counters.

UNIT-V

Memory and Programmable Logic: Types of Memories, Random-Access Memory, Read-Only Memory, Memory Operations, Timing waveform, Memory Decoding, Internal Construction, Address Multiplexing, Combinational Circuit Implementation, PROM, Combinational PLDs, Programmable Logic Array, Programmable Array Logic.

Text/Reference Books:

1. M Morris Mano and Michael D.Ciletti, Digital Design, Pearson 6th ed2018.

2. Charles H.Roth Jr., Larry L. Kinney, Fundamentals of Logic Design, Cengaue learning 6th edition, 2013

3. J. Bhaskar, "A Verilog HDL Primer Hardcover"

4. Switching and Finite Automata Theory - Zvi Kohavi & Niraj K. Jha, 3rdEdition, Cambridge, 2010.

5. Modern Digital Electronics – R. P. Jain, 3rd edition, 2007- Tata McGraw-Hill.

6. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design – Fredric J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson, 3rd Ed, John Wiley & Sons Inc.

7. Switching Theory and Logic Design – A Anand Kumar, PHI, 2013.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Course Code: GR20A2054 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of Continuous Time Signals (CTS) and Discrete Time Signals (DTS) and their properties
- 2. To interpret the CTS as a sum of infinite orthogonal functions and analyse their working in time and frequency domains.
- 3. To employ the transformation techniques like Fourier, Laplace and Z-transforms
- 4. To represent the CT System in mathematical form and acquire knowledge of the properties and vital concepts of systems to work in application areas like filtering, communication and signal processing.
- 5. To apply the concepts of sampling process of analog signals and A/D and D/A conversions.

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the fundamentals and detailed mathematical analysis of deterministic CTS and DTS and their spectra
- 2. Represent a deterministic CTS in terms of Fourier series and analyze its frequency spectra
- 3. Discriminate the application of Fourier, Laplace and Z-transforms appropriately on CTS and DTS
- 4. Analyze the effect of convolution on LTI systems and their working in time and frequency domains
- 5. Design basic filters for signal processing by applying the band-limited sampling theorem concepts.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Continuous-time Signals and Fourier series

Part-A: Representation of Continuous-time Signals: Introduction to typical signals; Time-domain operations; Continuous-time signal characteristics (periodicity, frequency, deterministic and random, symmetry, energy and power); Analogy between vectors and signals; Orthogonal signal space; Signal approximation using orthogonal functions; Mean squared error; Orthogonality in complex functions. **Part-B: Fourier Series**: Representation of continuous-time periodic signals by Trigonometric and Exponential Fourier series; Dirichlet's conditions; Properties of Fourier series, Parseval's theorem; Complex Fourier spectrum, Power Spectrum.

UNIT-II

Fourier Transform, and Laplace Transform: Fourier transform via Fourier series; Convergence of Fourier transform; Fourier transforms of basic signals like impulse function, unit step, signum function and for various periodic and aperiodic signals; Properties of Fourier transforms, Parseval's theorem; Definition of two-& one-sided Laplace Transform (LT), Relation between LT and FT, Region of convergence (ROC) and Properties of LT.

UNIT-III

Signal Transmission through Linear Systems Continuous-time Linear Time-Invariant systems Representation by differential equations, Properties of continuous-time systems (linearity, time invariance, causality and stability); Impulse response, Convolution; Transfer function, frequency response; Ideal vs. realizable LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics; Signal bandwidth, system bandwidth, rise-time, gain-bandwidth; Distortion; Causality and Paley-Wiener criterion for physical realization.

UNIT-IV

Discrete Time signal characteristics (periodicity, frequency, deterministic, random, symmetry, energy and power), Discrete Time (DT) signal representation using complex exponential and sinusoidal components; z-Transform of a discrete sequence; Relationship between z-Transform and Discrete Time Fourier Transform; Transfer function of a LTI system (No difference equations); Region of convergence of z-Transform, Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals; Properties of z-Transform, Inverse z-Transform by Partial Fractions (simple poles only).

UNIT-V

Sampling: Sampling theorem – Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals; Impulsetrain sampling; Reconstruction of signal from its samples; Undersampling and Aliasing; Natural and Flat-top sampling, Band pass sampling.

Text/Reference Books

1. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, "Signals and Systems", Second Edition, PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2007.

- 2.B. P. Lathi, Signals, Systems and Communications-B.S. Publications, 2003.
- 3. Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2002.
- 4. Principles of Communication Systems by GoutamSaha,Herbert Taub& Donald Schilling, III Edition, Tata Mc graw Hill Education Private Limited

5. M J Roberts, "Signals and Systems", 2e, TMH, 2012.

6. Hwei P. Hsu, "Signals and Systems", 3e, McGraw Hill Education, 2014.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROBABILITY THEORY AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

Course Code: GR20A2055 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

Course Objectives:

To acquire the fundamental knowledge in probability concepts.

- 1. To manage situations involving more than one random variable and functions of random variables in engineering applications.
- 2. To analyze the various concepts like autocorrelation and cross correlation, power spectral density.
- 3. To understand the properties of random signals through time and frequency domain representation.
- 4. To compare the various noises involved in communication and their effects.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Define probability and interpret probability by modeling sample spaces.
- 2. Construct the probability distribution of a random variable, based on a real-world situation, and use it to compute expectation and variance.
- 3. Apply the concepts of random process in communication and signal processing.
- 4. Evaluate response of a linear system to Random Process
- 5. Analyze the importance of various probability distributions in signal analysis

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION TO PROBABILITY

Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Probability as a Relative Frequency, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Baye's Theorem, Independent Events, Random Variable, Functions of random variable, Discrete and Continuous, Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian Distribution. Simulation of Baye's Theorem in MATLAB.

UNIT-II

OPERATIONS ON SINGLE VARIABLE – EXPECTATIONS

Introduction, Expected Value of a Random Variable, Function of a Random Variable, Moments about the Origin, Central Moments, Variance and Skew, Characteristic Function, Moment Generating Function, Transformations of a Random Variable: Monotonic Transformations for a Continuous Random Variable, Non-monotonic Transformations of Continuous Random Variable, Transformation of a Discrete Random Variable. Vector Random Variables. Simulation of Moments in MATLAB

UNIT-III

OPERATIONS ON & MULTIPLE RANDOM- EXPECTATIONS

Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two Random

Variables, Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem, Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables: Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions. Simulation of Central Limit Theorem in MATLAB.

UNIT-IV

RANDOM PROCESSES - TEMPORAL and SPECTRAL CHARACTERISTICS

The Random process, classification, deterministic and non-deterministic processes, distribution and density Functions, stationarity and statistical independence, first-order stationary processes, second-order and wide-sense stationarity, auto correlation function and its properties, cross-correlation function and its properties, covariance functions, Gaussian random processes, random signal response of linear systems, autocorrelation and cross-correlation functions of input and output.

The Power Spectrum: Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, Cross-Power Density Spectrum, Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function. Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-Power Density Spectrums of Input and Output. Simulation of Gaussian random process in MATLAB.

UNIT-V

MODELLING OF NOISE: Classification of Noise, types and sources of noises, Thermal Noise Source, Effective Noise Temperature, Average Noise Figures. Simulation and analysis of White Noise in MATLAB.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, PHI, 4th Edition, 2002.
- 2. Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles Peyton Z. Peebles, TMH, 4th Edition, 2001
- 3. Random Processes for Engineers-Bruce Hajck, Cambridge unipress, 2015
- 4. Probability, Statistics & Random Processes-K .Murugesan, P. Guruswamy, Anuradha Agencies, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- 5. Signals, Systems & Communications B.P. Lathi, B.S. Publications, 2003.
- 6. Digital Modulations using Matlab: Build Simulation Models from Scratch- Mathuranathan Viswanathan-ebook, 2017.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTING FOR ENGINEERS

Course Code: GR20A2004 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide the student with a clear understanding of demand analysis, elasticity of demand and demand forecasting.
- 2. To provide the insight on theory of production and cost analysis.
- 3. To describe different types of markets and competition and to elaborate the different forms of organisation and different methods of pricing.
- 4. To make the students understand various capital budgeting techniques
- 5. To Provide an insight of fundamental of accounting and emphasis on describe final accounts preparation

Course Outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be in a position to:

- 1. The student will be able to understand the concepts of economics and Demand concepts, elasticity and techniques for forecast demand of products
- 2. The student will be able to plan the production levels in tune with maximum utilization of organizational resources and with maximum profitability.
- 3. To understand the types of markets, types of competition and to estimate the cost of products and decide the price of the products and services produced
- 4. The student will be able to analyze the profitability of various projects using capital budgeting techniques and
- 5. The student is able will be able prepare the financial statements and more emphasis on preparation of final accounts.

Unit-1: Introduction & Demand Analysis: Definition and Scope: Introduction to Economics, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics. **Demand Analysis**: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. **Elasticity of Demand**: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. **Demand Forecasting**, Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting.

Unit-2: Production & Cost Analysis: *Production Function* – Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. *Cost Analysis:* Cost concepts. Break-even Analysis (BEA)-Determination of Break-Even Point (simple problems) – Managerial Significance.

Unit-3: Markets and Forms of Business organizations: Types of competition and Markets, Features of Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition. **Pricing:** Objectives and Policies of Pricing. Methods of Pricing. **Business:** Features and evaluation of different forms of Business Organisation: Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Joint Stock Company, Public Enterprises and their types.

Unit-4: Capital Budgeting: Capital and its significance, Types of Capital, Methods of Capital Budgeting: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) and Net Present Value (NPV) Method and Internal Rate of Return (IRR) (simple problems) and Profitability Index (PI)

Unit-5: Introduction to Financial Accounting: Accounting Concepts and Conventions - Double-Entry Bookkeeping. **Accounting Cycle:** Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance, Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments).

Text Books

- 1. Aryasri: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH, 2009.
- 2. Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases P. L. Mehta, Edition, 13. Publisher, Sultan Chand, 2007.
- 3. Financial Accounting -1: S P Jain and K. L. Narang, Kalyani Publishers, 2005.

Reference Books

- 1. Peterson, Lewis and Jain: Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2009
- 2. Mithani : Managerial Economics , HPH, 2009
- 3. Lipsey&Chrystel, Economics, Oxford University Press, 2009
- 4. Ambrish Gupta, Financial Accounting for Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi.2009
- 5. Horngren : Financial Accounting, Pearson, 2009.
- 6. Dr. S. N. Maheswari and Dr. S.K. Maheshwari: Financial Accounting, Vikas, 2009.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB

Course Code: GR20A2056 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/2

Course Objectives:

- 1. To Know the characteristics of various semiconductor devices.
- 2. To Know the applications of Components.
- 3. To Compare the functionalities of Diodes, BJTs and FETs.
- 4. To apply concepts for the design of voltage regulator.
- 5. To verify the theoretical concepts through laboratory and simulation Experiments.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Analyze the characteristics of various semiconductor devices
- 2. Apply the knowledge of semiconductors
- 3. Design various circuits based on the characteristics of the components.
- 4. Apply concepts for the design of voltage regulator.
- 5. Verify the theoretical concepts through laboratory and simulation.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Hardware of any 10 Experiments and Simulation of any 5 Experiments using Multisim Software.

- 1. Forward and Reverse Bias V-I Characteristics of PN junction Diode.
- 2. V-I Characteristics of Zener diode.
- 3. Zener diode as Voltage Regulator.
- 4. Half wave Rectifier without and with filter
- 5. Full wave Rectifier without and with filter.
- 6. Bridge rectifier without and with filter.
- 7. Characteristics of a BJT under CB configuration.
- 8. Characteristics of a BJT under CE configuration.
- 9. Measurement of h-parameters of transistor in CE configuration.
- 10. Characteristics of a JFET under CS configuration.
- 11. V-I Characteristics of MOSFET.
- 12. V-I Characteristics of UJT

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB

Course Code: GR20A2057 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/T: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the theory of Boolean algebra and to study representation of switching functions using Boolean expressions and their minimization techniques.
- 2. To study the various coding schemes are the part of the digital circuit design.
- 3. To study the combinational logic design of various logic and switching devices and their realization.
- 4. To study the sequential logic circuits design both in synchronous and Asynchronous modes for various complex logic and switching devices, their minimization techniques and their realizations.
- 5. To Explain and analyze the VERILOG programming concepts for the design of digital circuits.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Explain theory of Boolean Algebra & the underlying features of various number systems.
- 2. Analyze the various coding schemes are the part of the digital circuit design.
- 3. Construct basic combinational circuits and verify their functionalities.
- 4. Apply the design procedures to design various sequential logic circuits.
- 5. Design of various circuits with the help of VERILOG Coding techniques.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Task-1: XILINX ISE QUICK Start Tutorial

Task-2: Introduction to VERILOG Programming

Task-3: Design and Simulation of Combinational Logic Circuits Using VERILOG

- i. Realization of Logic GATEs
- ii. Half adder and Full adder circuits
- iii. Magnitude comparator
- iv. Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary converter
- v. Encoder & Decoder
- vi. Parity Checker

Task-4: Design and Simulation of sequential logic circuits using VERILOG

- i. D and T Flip-Flops
- ii. SR and JK flipflops
- iii. Frequency Divider
- iv. Left and Right Shift Register
- v. Serial to Parallel and Parallel to Serial converter
- vi. Binary Counter
- vii. Asynchronous BCD Up counter
- viii. Synchronous down counter
- ix. MOD 5 and MOD 10 counters

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS LAB

Course Code: GR20A2058 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives

- 1. To provide a thorough understanding and analysis of signals and systems using MATLAB platform
- 2. To generate and process various deterministic continuous and discrete-time signals.
- 3. To be aware of the underlying phenomenon of Fourier analysis thereby analyzing the signals and sequences transforming them into frequency domain
- 4. To demonstrate the system representation and characterize the properties of Linear Time-Invariant (LTI) systems
- 5. To process continuous-time signals by first sampling and then processing the sampled signal in discrete-time.

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Understand basics of MATLAB syntax, functions and programming.
- 2. Generate and characterize various continuous and discrete time signals.
- 3. Design and analyze linear time-invariant (LTI) systems and compute its response.
- 4. Analyze the spectral characteristics of signals using Fourier analysis, Laplace transform and Z-transform.
- 5. Process continuous-time signals by first sampling and then processing the sampled signal in discretetime and employ for signal processing applications.

List of Experiments

- 1. Perform Basic Matrix Operations with the help of Matlab program.
- 2. Illustrate the basic periodic and aperiodic signals/sequences with the help of Matlab Program.
- 3. Write a Matlab Program to perform the basic operations like Addition, Multiplication, Folding, Shifting, and Flipping, evaluating Energy and Power for various periodic and aperiodic signals.
- 4. Segregate with the help of Matlab program Even, Odd, Real and Imaginary parts of given signal/sequence.
- 5. Verify Gibb's phenomenon for the various periodic waveforms by Fourier series representation.
- 6. Find the Fourier Transform of (not limited to)
- **a**. A **b**. u(t) **c**. A. $e^{-t}u(t)$ **d**. At $e^{-t}u(t)$ **e**. ACos ωt
- 7. (i) Find the Laplace transform of(not limited to)
- **a**. Sin(ω t) **b**. Sin(ω (t-1))

(ii) Find Inverse Laplace Transform of Y(s)=24/s(s+8)

- 8. a. Prove that the given system $y(t)=t^*x(t)$ is linear in nature.
- b. Prove that the given system $y(n)=n^*x(n)+n^{2*}x^2(n)$ is Time Variant.
- 9. For any given LTI system, compute the Impulse Response.
- 10. Demonstrate Convolution of two continuous time signals and discrete time sequences with the help of Matlab program.
- 11. Evaluate the Z-Transform of
- **a.** n **b.** a^n **c.** $n.a^n$ **d.** $e^{(-a^*n^*t)}$
- 12. Locate the Poles and Zeros of a given Transfer function in S-Plane and Z-Plane respectively **a**. $H(s) = \frac{s^2 - 2s + 1}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6}$ **b**. $H(Z) = \frac{-1 + Z^{-1}}{1 + Z^{-1} + \overline{0.16Z^{-2}}}$
- 13. Verify the Sampling Theorem for various conditions prevailing between Sampling Frequency (fs) and Message Frequency (fm)
- **a**. fs<2 fm **b**. fs=2 fm **c.**fs>2fm
- 14. Perform Auto Correlation and Cross Correlation on various sequences with the help of Matlab program.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Code: GR20A2001 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/2

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understanding the importance of ecological balance for sustainable development.
- 2. Understanding the impacts of developmental activities and mitigation measures.
- 3. Understanding the environmental policies and regulations
- 4. Integrate human ecology and science of environmental problems.
- 5. The effect of human activities on atmospheric pollution

Course Outcomes:

- Based on this course, the Engineering graduate will
- 1. Understand the harmonious co-existence in between nature and human being
- 2. Recognize various problems related to environment degradation.
- 3. Develop relevant research questions for environmental investigation.
- 4. Generate ideas and solutions to solve environmental problems due to soil, air and water pollution.
- 5. Evaluate and develop technologies based on ecological principles and environmental regulations which in turn helps in sustainable development.

UNIT-I

Ecosystems: Definition, Scope, and Importance of ecosystem. Classification, structure, and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs, and ecological pyramids. Flow of energy, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Bio magnification, ecosystem value, services and carrying capacity.

UNIT-II

Natural Resources: Classification of Resources: Living and Non-Living resources, natural capital & Resources water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, conflicts over water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, Land resources: Forest resources, Energy resources: growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source, case studies.

UNIT-III

Biodiversity and Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

UNIT-IV

Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies: Environmental Pollution: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and Industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, drinking water quality standards. Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid waste: Municipal Solid Waste management, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Waste water Treatment methods: Primary, secondary and Tertiary.

Global Environmental Issues and Global Efforts: Climate change and impacts on human environment. Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS). Deforestation and desertification. International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol, and Montréal Protocol. Anthropogenic activities, influence on the occurrence of COVID-19 Pandemic? How environment benefitted due to global lockdown arising out of corona outbreak.

UNIT-V

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development Goals, Population and its explosion, Resource exploitation, Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Environmental Ethics, Concept of Green Building.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Environmental Studies by Anubha Kaushik, 4th Edition, New Age International Publishers.
- 2. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses by Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Text book of Environmental Science and Technology Dr. M. Anji Reddy 2007, BS Publications..
- 2. Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future by Richard T. Wright. 2008 PHL Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Environmental Engineering and science by Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela.2008 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Environmental Science by Daniel B. Botkin & Edward A. Keller, Wiley INDIA edition.
- 5. Introduction to Environmental Science by Y. Anjaneyulu, BS Publications.
- 6. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, Oxford University Press.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DATA BASE FOR ENGINEERS

Course Code: GR20A2006 II Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/2

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the different issues involved in the design and implementation of a database system.
- 2. To understand Structured Query Language for manipulating the Data.
- 3. To study the physical, conceptual and logical database designs
- 4. To provide concepts of Transaction, Concurrency and Recovery Management Strategies of a DBMS
- 5. To design and build a simple database system and demonstrate competence with the fundamental tasks involved with modelling, designing, and implementing a DBMS.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Identify the role of Database System Applications and the design issues related.
- 2. Design the logical model for the applications and apply indexing techniques.
- 3. Construct a Database Schema, Manipulate data using a SQL.
- 4. Can apply the Schema Refinement techniques for a database design for optimized access.
- 5. For a given transaction-processing system, determine the transaction atomicity, consistency, isolation, and durability.

UNIT –I

Introduction to DBMS, Data Base System Applications, Data Base System VS File System, Instances And Schemas, Data Models – The ER Model, ER Diagrams –Attributes And Entity Sets – Relationships And Relationship Sets – Concept Design With The ER Model .

To Practice:

1)Practicing DDL commands: Creating tables for various relations (in SQL).

2) Practicing Hostel Management System ER Diagram, Airlines Reservation System ER Diagram.

UNIT –II

Relational Model: Introduction To The Relational Model – Basic Structure, Database Schema, Keys, Form Of Basic SQL Query – Database Langugages , DDL , DML , Examples Of Basic SQL Queries . To Practice:

Practicing SQL Queries of above mentioned topics

UNIT –III

SQLoperators, SQL functions, JOINS, -Types of Joins, Introduction To Nested Queries, Set Operators, Integrity Constraints over relations, Introduction to Views, Destroying / altering tables and views. Practice on DCL and TCL commands.

To Practice:

Practicing SQL Queries of above mentioned topics

UNIT –IV

Pitfalls in relational databases, Functional Dependencies , Importance of Normalization-1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF

To Practice:

Concepts of Normalizations and its types, Writing Assertions.

UNIT –V

Transaction Concept- Transaction state, ACID properties, Concurrent executions, Serializability, Lock based protocols, Log based recovery.

To Practice:

Practicing, DCL and TCL commands,(Commit, rollback, Save points, Grant, Revoke and Roles commands on tables)

TEXT BOOK:

1. "Data base Management Systems", Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATAMcGraw Hill 3rd Edition

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1."Data base System Concepts", Silberschatz, Korth, McGraw hill, V edition.

- 2. "Introduction to Database Systems", C.J.Date Pearson Education.
- 3. "Database Systems design, Implementation, and Management", Rob & Coronel 5th Edition.
- 4. "Database Management Systems", P. Radha Krishna HI-TECH Publications 2005.
- 5. "Database Management System", ElmasriNavate Pearson Education.
- 6. "Database Management System", Mathew Leon, Leo.

II YEAR II SEMESTER

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY NETWORK ANALYSIS

Course Code: GR20A2059 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To distinguish basic concepts, techniques and applications of Electrical circuits
- 2. To describe various fundamental techniques for analysis of electrical circuits.
- 3. To apply the working principles of linear constant coefficient differential equations with the help of Laplace Transforms in electric circuits
- 4. To solve and compile the techniques like cut-set, tie-set, pole zero parameters and its stability
- 5. To compare the transient analysis with different network models

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Comprehend the mathematical expression for voltages and currents in RL, RC and RLC circuits to find the transient response of inductor and capacitor in dc circuits.
- 2. Analyze the concept with working principles of linear constant coefficient differential equations with the help of Laplace transforms.
- 3. Know the basic skills of an ac circuits with independent/dependent voltage current sources by drawing impedance/admittance diagrams or using various laws/ techniques like source conversion.
- 4. Discriminate the concepts like cut-set, tie-set, pole zero parameters and stability analysis
- 5. Interpolate the two-port network parameters, conversion between parameters, interconnection of two port networks.

Unit-I

Review of Network Elements: Network Elements - Self and Mutual inductance – Dot rule - Coefficient of coupling - Analysis of multi-winding coupled (series and parallel) circuits; Natural response and forced response - DC Transients: Inductor - Capacitor - Concepts of Natural, Forced and Complete response of RL, RC and RLC Circuits

Unit-II

S-Domain Analysis of Circuits: Review of Laplace Transform - Transformation of a circuit into S-domain - Transformed equivalent of inductance, capacitance and mutual inductance - Impedance and admittance in transform domain - Node analysis and Mesh analysis of the transformed circuit.

Unit-III

Sinusoidal steady state analysis: Characteristics of sinusoids - Forced Response to Sinusoidal Functions - The Complex Forcing Functions, The Phasor, Phasor Relationship for R,L and C - Impedance and Admittance - Phasor Diagram.

Unit-IV

Network Topology: Network terminology - Graph of a network - Incidence and reduced incidence matrices – Cutsets - Fundamental cutsets - Cutset matrix – Tiesets. Network Functions: Poles and zeros of network functions, Network functions for the one- and two- ports, Restrictions on pole and zero locations for driving point functions and transfer functions.

Unit-V

Two Port Network Parameters: Open circuit impedance (Z) parameters - short circuit admittance(Y) parameters - transmission (ABCD) parameters and inverse transmission parameters - Hybrid (h) parameters and inverse hybrid parameters - Conversion between parameters - interconnection of two-port networks. Lattice networks, Image parameters.

Text Books

1. William H. Hayt Jr. and Jack E. Kemmerly, ' Engineering Circuit Analysis', 6th Edition, McGraw Hill 2008.

2. Vanvalkenburg M.E, 'Network Analysis', PHI, 3rd Edition, 2007.

3. Kuo F. F., —Network Analysis and Synthesisl, 2nd Ed., Wiley India., 2008.

Reference Books

1. Edminister J. Circuit Theory', Schaum's outline Series, TMH 1998

2. Valkenberg V., Network Synthesis. 2008

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS AND TRANSMISSION LINES **Course Code: GR20A2060**

II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- Carryout a study on various analytical methods of calculating electric field intensities and electric 1. potentials
- Carryout a study on various analytical methods of calculating magnetic field intensities and 2. magnetic potentials
- 3. Carryout a study on time varying electrical and magnetic field intensities and consolidating important laws as Maxwell's Equations,
- Carryout fundamentals of uniform plane waves in various media; calculation of power density and 4. reflection
- 5. Carryout a study on transmission lines and usage of Smith Chart

Course Outcomes: The student should be able to

- Apply Coulomb's law, Gauss's law equations for calculating electric field intensities and electric 1. potentials in vacuum and materials due to various charge distributions
- Apply Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's circuital law for calculating magnetic field intensities and 2. potentials (scalar & vector) in vacuum and materials due to steady electric currents
- Apply Faraday's law in generation of Electro Motive Force and modified Ampere's law to get 3. finalized forms of Maxwell's equations
- Apply fundamentals of uniform plane waves in various electromagnetic wave propagation 4. problems
- Apply filed theory, circuit theory and Smith chart knowledge to transmission lines 5.

UNIT-I

Electrostatics: Coulomb's Law, Force on a discrete charge due to single charge and charge distributions, Electric Field Intensity - Fields due to Different Charge configurations, Electric Flux Density, Gauss Law and Applications, Electric Potential, Relations Between E and V(Potential gradient), Maxwell's Equations for Electrostatic Fields(Divergence and curl of Electric field). Convection and Conduction Currents, Point form of Ohm's Law, Continuity Equation, Boundary conditions (only statements no derivation). Simulation of electrostatic fields using Matlab or CST Studio Suite.

UNIT-II

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's Law, Ampere's Circuital Law and Applications, Magnetic Flux Density, Maxwell's Equations for Magnetostatic Fields(Divergence and curl of Magnetic field), Magnetic Scalar Potentials, Force between current-carrying conductors, .Boundary conditions (only statements). Inductance fundamental. Simulation of magnetostatic fields using Matlab or CST Studio Suite.

UNIT-III

Time Varying Fields, Maxwell's Equations and Wave Equations: Faraday's Law -Transformer EMF and motional EMF, Concept of Displacement Current. Maxwell's Equations in final forms, Vector wave equation (Helmholtz Equation), Solution of one-dimensional wave equation. Uniform Plane wave characteristics. Simulation of Uniform plane waves using Matlab or CST Studio Suite.

UNIT-IV

EM Wave Propagation in Different Media: - Loss tangent, Classification of materials into good conductors, good dielectrics and quasi conductors. Wave propagation in good conductors, good dielectrics and quasi conductors, Instantaneous and average Poynting vectors, Reflection, and Transmission coefficients of Normal incidence. Qualitative understanding of Oblique incidence with final expressions (no derivations).Simulation of wave movement in different media using Matlab or CST Studio Suite.

UNIT-V:

Transmission Lines: Transmission Line Parameters, Transmission Line Equations, Characteristic Impedance, Propagation characteristics, Lossless/ Low Loss Line Analysis, Conditions for Distortion less Transmission and Minimum Attenuation. Finite Transmission Line, Input Impedance, Short Circuit and Open Circuit Lines, Reflection Coefficient, VSWR. UHF Lines as Circuit Elements - $\lambda/2$, $\lambda/4$, $\lambda/8$ Lines. Impedance Transformations and Matching.

Smith Chart– Theory and Applications, Single Stub Matching. Propagation between Parallel Plates, Modes, Cut-off Frequencies, Phase and Group Velocities, Wavelengths, Wave Impedances.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Principles of Electromagnetics Matthew N.O. Sadiku and S.V. Kulkarni, 6th Ed., Oxford University Press, Aisan Edition, 2015.
- 2. EM waves and radiating systems by E C Jordan and Balmain.
- 3. Engineering Electromagnetics William H. Hayt Jr. and John A. Buck, 8th Ed., McGrawHill,2014

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ANALOG AND PULSE CIRCUITS

Course Code: GR20A2061 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- 2. To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- 3. To familiarize the Concept of feedback in amplifiers so as to differentiate between negative and positive feedback
- 4. To construct various multivibrators using transistors and sweep circuits.
- 5. To apply and analyze various amplifiers and multivibrator circuits for various applications .

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Design the multistage amplifiers and understand the concepts of High Frequency Analysis of Transistors.
- 2. Utilize the Concepts of negative feedback to improve the stability of amplifiers and positive feedback to generate sustained oscillations
- 3. Design and realize different classes of Power Amplifiers and tuned amplifiers useable for audio and Radio applications.
- 4. Design multivibrators and sweep circuits for various applications.
- 5. Apply and analyze various amplifiers and multivibrator circuits for various applications

Unit-I

Multistage Amplifiers: Classification of Amplifiers, Distortion in amplifiers, Different coupling schemes used in amplifiers, Frequency response and Analysis of multistage amplifiers, Cascode amplifier, Darlington pair.

Transistor at High Frequency: Hybrid $-\pi$ model of Common Emitter transistor model, f α , f β and unity gain bandwidth, Gain-bandwidth product.

Unit-II

Feedback Amplifiers: Concepts of feedback – Classification of feedback amplifiers – General characteristics of Negative feedback amplifiers – Effect of Feedback on Amplifier characteristics – Voltage series, Voltage shunt, Current series and Current shunt Feedback configurations – Simple problems.

Unit-III

Oscillators: Condition for Oscillations, RC type Oscillators-RC phase shift and Wien-bridge Oscillators, LC type Oscillators –Generalized analysis of LC Oscillators, Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators, Frequency and amplitude stability of Oscillators, Crystal Oscillator.

Unit-IV

Large Signal Amplifiers: Class A Power Amplifier- Series fed and Transformer coupled, Conversion Efficiency, Class B Power Amplifier- Push Pull and Complementary Symmetry configurations, Conversion Efficiency, Principle of operation of Class AB and Class –C Amplifiers.

Tuned Amplifiers: Single Tuned Amplifiers – Q-factor, frequency response of tuned amplifiers, Concept of stagger tuning and synchronous tuning.

Unit-V

Multi-vibrators: Types of Triggering, Analysis and Design of Bistable, Monostable, AstableMulti-vibrators and Schmitt trigger using Transistors.

Time Base Generators: General features of a Time base Signal, Methods of Generating Time Base Waveform, concepts of Transistor Miller and Bootstrap Time Base Generator, Methods of Linearity improvement.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Integrated Electronics, Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, McGraw Hill Education, 2nd edition 2010
- 2. Electronic Devices Conventional and current version -Thomas L. Floyd 2015, pearson.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A. Bell 5thEdition, Oxford, 1986.
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits theory– Robert L. Boylestead, Louis Nashelsky, 11th Edition, 2009, Pearson
- 5. Millman's Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms –J. Millman, H. Taub and Mothiki S. PrakashRao, 2 Ed., 2008, TMH.
- 6. Pulse, Switching and Digital Circuits 5thEdition, David A. Bell, Oxford, 2015
- 7. Linear Integrated Circuits, D. Roy and Choudhury, Shail B. Jain, 4th Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2010.
- 8. Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuit Theory and Applications, Denton J Dailey, McGraw-Hill, 1989. 8. Applications and Design with Analog Integrated Circuits, J. Michael Jacob, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2003.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS

Course Code: GR20A2062 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. To develop ability to analyze system requirements of analog and digital communication systems.
- 2. To understand the generation, detection of various analog and digital modulation techniques.
- 3. To acquire theoretical knowledge of each block in AM, FM transmitters and receivers.
- 4. To understand the concepts of baseband transmissions.
- 5. To analyze the various modulation techniques in different environments.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Analyze various continuous wave and angle modulation and demodulation techniques.
- 2. Understand the effect of noise present in continuous wave and angle modulation techniques.
- 3. Attain the knowledge about AM, FM Transmitters and Receivers.
- 4. Analyze and design the various Pulse, Digital Modulation Techniques and Baseband transmission.
- 5. Apply and analyze the various Modulation techniques in different environments.

Unit-I Amplitude Modulation: Introduction to Communication Systems: Modulation – Types – Need for Modulation. Theory of Amplitude Modulation – Evolution and Description of AM, DSBSC and SSB Techniques. Generation and Detection of AM, DSBSC and SSB waves. Vestigial side band modulation: Time and Frequency description, Generation of VSB Modulated wave, Envelope detection of a VSB Wave pulse Carrier. SNR concepts, AM Receiver, Noise in AM, DSBSC and SSB, Threshold effect in AM systems.

Unit-II: Angle Modulation: Basic concepts, Frequency Modulation: Single tone frequency modulation, Spectrum Analysis of Sinusoidal FM Wave, Narrow band and Wide band FM, Generation of FM Waves: Direct and Indirect Method, Detection of FM Waves: Balanced Frequency discriminator, Zero crossing detector, Phase locked loop, Comparison of FM and AM, PM and FM. FM receiver, Noise in angle modulation: FM, PM. Threshold effect in FM, Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis.

UNIT- III: Pulse Modulation

Types of Pulse modulation: PAM, PWM and PPM, Comparison of FDM and TDM.

Pulse Code Modulation: PCM Generation and Reconstruction, Quantization Noise, Non Uniform Quantization and Companding, DPCM, DM, Noise in DM and Adaptive DM.

UNIT-IV: Digital Modulation Techniques

BASK Modulator and Demodulator, BFSK Modulator and Demodulator, BPSK Modulator and Demodulator, QPSK Modulator and Demodulator, Differential PSK.

Baseband Transmission and Optimal Reception of Digital Signal: A Baseband Signal Receiver and its probability of error, Optimum Receiver, Matched Filter, Probability of error for ASK, PSK, FSK, Inter Symbol Interference (ISI).

UNIT-V: Spread Spectrum Modulation: Use of Spread Spectrum, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS), Code Division Multiple Access, Ranging using DSSS, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum, PN-Sequences: Generation and Characteristics, Synchronization in Spread Spectrum Systems, Gold Sequences.

Text books:

1. An introduction to analog and digital communications, Haykin, Simon S. Vol. 1. New York: Wiley, 1989.

2. Analog and digital communications, Sanjay Sharma

3. Communication Systems - Simon Haykin, John Wiley, 5th Ed. 2009

4. Principles of Communication Systems - Herbert Taub, Donald L Schiling, Goutam Saha, 3rd Edition, Mcgraw-Hill, 2008.

Reference Books:

- 1. Electronics Communication Systems-Fundamentals through Advanced-Wayne Tomasi, 5th Edition, 2009, PHI.
- 2. Electronic Communications Dennis Roddy and John Coolean , 4th Edition , PEA, 2004
- 3. Electronics & Communication System George Kennedy and Bernard Davis, TMH 2004
- 4. Analog and Digital Communication K. Sam Shanmugam, Willey ,2005

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY OOPS TROUGH JAVA

Course Code: GR20A2063 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 3/0/0/3

Course Objectives:

- 1. The Java programming language: its syntax, idioms, patterns, and styles.
- 2. Object oriented concepts in Java and apply for solving the problems.
- 3. How exception handling and multithreading makes Java robust
- 4. Explore java Standard API library such as io, util, applet, swing.
- 5. Building of applications using applet and swing

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Write java programs and differentiate between object-oriented programming and procedureoriented programming.
- 2. Apply object-oriented programming features for solving a given problem.
- 3. Incorporate exception handling mechanism.
- 4. Implement Use java standard API library to write complex programs.
- 5. Develop interactive programs using applet and swing.

UNIT-I:

Introduction to OOP: Introduction, Need of object-oriented programming, principles of object-oriented languages, C++ vs JAVA, Applications of OOP, history of JAVA, Java Virtual Machine, Java features, Program structures, Installation of JDK.

UNIT-II:

Programming Constructs: Variables, Primitive data types, Identifiers- Naming Conventions, Keywords, Literals, Operators- Binary, Unary and Ternary, Expressions, Primitive Type conversion and casting, flow of control- branching, conditional, loops. **Classes and Objects-** Classes, Objects, methods, constructors- constructor overloading, cleaning up unused objects- Garbage collector, class variable and methods- static keyword, this keyword, arrays, Command line arguments.

UNIT-III:

Inheritance: Types of Inheritance, Deriving classes using extends keyword, method overloading, super keyword, final keyword, abstract class. Interfaces: Interface, Extending interface, interface Vs Abstract classes. Packages- Creating Packages, using Packages, Access protection, java I/O package. Exceptions - Introduction, Exception handling techniques - try, catch, throw, throws, finally block, user defined Exception.

UNIT-IV:

Multithreading: java.lang.Thread, the main Thread, creation of new Threads, Thread priority, multiThreading- using isalive() and join(), Synchronization, suspending and resuming Threads, Communication between Threads. Exploring java.io.

UNIT-V:

Applets- Applet class, Applet structure, an example Applet program, Applet life cycle. Event Handling-Introduction, Event Delegation Model, Java.awt.event Description, Adapter classes, Inner classes. **Abstract Window Toolkit**: Why AWT?, java.awt package, components and containers, Button, Label, Checkbox, Radio buttons, List boxes, choice boxes, Text field and Text area, container classes. Swing: Introduction, JFrame, JApplet, JPanel, Components in swings, Layout Managers, JList and JScrollPane.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. Java: The Complete Reference, 10th edition, Herbert Schildt, Mcgraw Hill.
- 2. Java Fundamentals: A Comprehensive Introduction, Herbert Schildt and Dale Skrien, TMH.
- 3. Java for Programming, P.J.Dietel Pearson Education
- 4. Object Oriented Programming through Java, P.Radha Krishna, Universities Press.
- 5. Thinking in Java, Bruce Eckel, Pearson Education
- 6. Programming in Java, S.Malhotra and S.Choudhary, Oxford University Press.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJUINSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY OOPS THROUGH JAVA LAB

Course Code: GR20A2064 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives

- 1. Gain knowledge about basic Java language syntax and semantics to write Java programs and use concepts such as variables, conditional and iterative execution methods etc.
- 2. Understand the principles of inheritance, packages and interfaces Understand fundamentals of programming such as variables, conditional and iterative execution, methods, etc.
- 3. Understand fundamentals of object-oriented programming in Java, including defining classes, invoking methods, using class libraries, etc.
- 4. Be aware of the important topics and principles of software development and ability to write a computer program to solve specified problems.
- 5. Create database connectivity in java and implement GUI applications.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Write basic Java programs, Identify classes, objects, members of a class and relationships among them needed for a specific problem.
- 2. Write Java application programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- 3. Demonstrate the concepts of polymorphism and inheritance.
- 4. Write JAVA programs to demonstrate method overloading, overriding.
- 5. Explain the benefits of JAVA's Exceptional handling mechanism compared to other Programming Language.

Task 1: Write java programs that implement the following a) Constructor b) Parameterized constructor c) Method overloading d) Constructor overloading.

Task 2:

a) Write a Java program that checks whether a given string is a palindrome or not. Ex: MADAM is a palindrome.

b) Write a Java program for sorting a given list of names in ascending order.

c) Write a Java Program that reads a line of integers, and then displays each integer and the sum of all the integers (Use StringTokenizer class of java.util)

Task 3:

Write java programs that implement the following keywords

a) this keyword **b**) super keyword **c**) static keyword **d**) final keyword

Task 4:

a) Write a java program to implement method overriding

- **b**) Write a java program to implement dynamic method dispatch.
- c) Write a Java program to implement multiple inheritance.

Task5:

a) Write a Java program that reads a file name from the user, then displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, whether the file is writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes.

b) Write a Java program that reads a file and displays the file on the screen, with a line number before each line.

c) Write a Java program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text file

Task 6:

a) Write a Java program for handling Checked Exceptions.

b) Write a Java program for handling Unchecked Exceptions.

Task 7:

a) Write a Java program that creates three threads. First thread displays "Good Morning" every one second, the second thread displays "Hello" every two seconds and the third thread displays "Welcome" every three seconds.

b) Write a Java program that correctly implements producer consumer problem using the concept of inter thread communication.

Task 8:

a) Develop an applet that displays a simple message.

b) Develop an applet that receives an integer in one text field, and computes its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked.

Task 9: Write a Java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange button for the digits and for the +, -, *, % operations. Add a text field to display the result.

Task 10:

a) Write a Java program for handling mouse events.

b) Write a Java program for handling key events.

Task 11: Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the textfields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1or Num2 were not an integer, the program would throw Number Format Exception. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception Display the exception in a message dialog box.

Task 12:

a) Write a java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: red, yellow, or green. When a radio button is selected, the light is turned on, and only one light can be on at a time No light is on when the program starts.

Task 13: Create a table in Table.txt file such that the first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using JTable component.

Text books:

- 1. Java; the complete reference,7th editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 2. Java How to Program, Sixth Edition, H.M.Dietel and P.J.Dietel, Pearson Education/PHI.
- 3. Introduction to Java programming, Sixth edition, Y.Daniel Liang, Pearson Education.
- 4. Big Java, 2nd edition, Cay Horstmann, Wiley Student Edition, Wiley India Private Limited.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ANALOG AND PULSE CIRCUITS LAB

Course Code: GR20A2065 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

Course Objectives:

- 1. Learn the concepts of high frequency analysis of transistors.
- 2. To give understanding of various types of amplifier circuits such as small signal, cascaded, large signal and tuned amplifiers.
- 3. To familiarize the Concept of feedback in amplifiers so as to differentiate between negative and positive feedback
- 4. To construct various multivibrators using transistors and sweep circuits.
- 5. To apply and analyze various amplifiers and multivibrator circuits for various applications.

Course outcomes: Students will be able to:

- 1. Design the multistage amplifiers and understand the concepts of High Frequency Analysis of Transistors.
- 2. Utilize the Concepts of negative feedback to improve the stability of amplifiers and positive feedback to generate sustained oscillations
- 3. Design and realize different classes of Power Amplifiers and tuned amplifiers useable for audio and Radio applications.
- 4. Design multivibrators and sweep circuits for various applications.
- 5. Apply and analyze various amplifiers and multivibrator circuits for various applications

List of Experiments

Task-1: Two Stage RC Coupled Amplifier

Task-2: Darlington Pair

- Task-3: Voltage Series Feedback amplifier
- Task-4: RC Phase shift Oscillator
- Task-5: Colpitt's Oscillators

Task-6: Wien Bridge Oscillator using Transistors

- Task-7: Class A power amplifier
- Task-8: Class B Complementary symmetry amplifier
- Task-9: Design an AstableMultivibrator and draw its waveforms
- Task-10: Design a MonostableMultivibrator and draw its waveforms
- Task-11: Response of Schmitt Trigger circuit for loop gain less than and greater than one

Task-12: The output- voltage waveform of Boot strap sweep circuit.

Lab Methodology: -

Lab experiments with Hardware and Software: Hardware: - Analog Discovery; Software: - Multisim 14.

GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ANALOG AND DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS LAB

Course Code: GR20A2066 II Year II Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/2

Course Objectives:

- 1. To develop an ability to design basic model of analog and digital communication systems.
- 2. To understand practically the generation, detection of various analog and digital modulation techniques using MATLAB.
- 3. To acquire practical knowledge of each block in AM, FM transmitters and receivers.
- 4. To discuss various security based transmission techniques.
- 5. To analyze the various modulation techniques in different environments and to verify its performance using MATLAB.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Analyze the spectrum of various analog and digital modulation techniques.
- 2. Understand the effect of noise present in continuous wave and angle modulation techniques.
- 3. Attain the knowledge of design about analog and digital Transmitters and Receivers using components.
- 4. Apply and analyze the various Modulation techniques in different environments using MATALB.
- 5. Explains spread spectrum systems to provide security to data using MATALB.

List of the Experiments/Tasks

(All the experiments can be done either using hardware or using MATLAB)

Task-1: (i) Amplitude Modulation and Demodulation (ii) Spectrum analysis of AM

Task-2: (i) DSB-SC Modulator & Demodulator (ii) Spectrum Analysis of DSBSC

Task-3: (i) SSB-SC Modulator & Demodulator (ii) Spectrum Analysis of SSBSC

Task-4: (i) Frequency modulation and demodulation (ii) Spectrum analysis of FM (iii) Pre emphasis and De emphasis

Task-5: Frequency Division Multiplexing & De multiplexing

Task-6: Pulse Amplitude Modulation & Demodulation

Task-7: Pulse Width Modulation & Demodulation

Task-8: Pulse Position Modulation & Demodulation

Task-9: PCM Generation and Detection

Task-10: Delta Modulation

Task-11: Non Uniform Quantization-(i) µ-Law (ii) A-law

Task-12: Amplitude Shift Keying: Generation and Detection

Task-13: Frequency Shift Keying: Generation and Detection

Task-14: Binary Phase Shift Keying: Generation and Detection

Task-15: Generation and Detection (i) DPSK (ii) QPSK

Task-16: Time Division Multiplexing

Task-17: PN sequence Generation